NJ. OR, NA. 40



WHAT'S INSIDE QUOTABLE QUOTE

"We assumed from the beginning that documents would disappear, but we have reason to believe there are people in the civil service who believe a terrible wrong was done and are willing to speak out."

— Lawyer Murray Klippenstein on the investigation into the death of protester Dudley George at Ipperwash Provincial Park three years ago







Trip of a lifetime!

A group of teens and Elders from Black Lake, Sask. located 100 km from the Northwest Territories and 180 km from the nearest highway to the south, recently completed a 10-day canoe trip. The jaunt was an attempt to help preserve the Dene culture, under attack with construction of a seasonal road to the community, and to stress the importance of that culture to the youth. See page 20 for story.

Publisher leads attack on Nisga'a agreement

By Rob McKinley Windspeaker Staff Writer

VANCOUVER

The Assembly of First Nations wants British Columbia publishing magnate David Black to make some room on his mantle for an annual journalistic "booby prize."

Black, who owns three companies that control 60 newspapers in British Columbia and one Alberta newspaper, has told his editors that any editorials and opinions in their papers on the Nisga'a Final Agreement can only contain anti-treaty sentiment.

Canada, British Columbia and the Nisga'a Tribal Council initialed the final agreement earlier this summer. Nisga'a people are expected to vote on it in early November. The deal has been heralded as the first modern-day treaty in the province. Nisga'a people will receive a land claim settlement worth close to \$200 million and the agreement provides for the other parties to recognize a form of Nisga'a self government. In must relinquish their Indian Act rights to be tax-exempt.

Black, who is no relation to the newspaper owner Conrad Black, has also contracted book author Mel Smith to write eight columns detailing the background of the Nisga'a treaty process. Smith's articles will appear in all 60 newspapers, even those not writing editorials on the Nisga'a agreement.

Maurice Switzer, spokesman for the Assembly of First Nations, said Black has his vote for the Native American Journalists Association's annual award for the silliest action taken by a non-Native person on a Native issue.

"NAJA has the Columbus award," Switzer said. "Well, we don't have anything like that up here, but I think we have — in fact, I'm sure we have — a winner."

The AFN communications boss said he was serious. He said he planned to organize a special ceremony to present the award to Black.

But not all of the assembly's remarks on the issue were based in humor.

held little back in his scathing response to the Black's initiative.

"We've been criticized for saying Indians are still targets of racism," said Fontaine, "but in recent months we've heard politicians deny our treaty rights, and media commentators contest our inherent right to self government. Now they're trying to deprive us of our right to free speech. If this isn't racism, I don't know what else to call it."

Black knew he was going to stir up a hornet's nest with his edict. He isn't, however, prepared to be called racist.

"I'm not against the Nisga'a people and I'm sure as hell not racist," he told *Windspeaker*. Black just wants people to realize that 90 days isn't enough time to decide on an agreement that will change Aboriginal and non-Aboriginal lives forever.

Members of B.C.'s First Nations Summit feel that Black is abusing his right as a newspaper owner. An abuse that is being carried out at the expense of the Nisga'a people and everyone else who believes in free speech.

"It's as if we were back in the he said.

Grand Chief Edward John, First Nations Summit Task Group member. "It is very troubling to think that many communities in B.C. which rely on these newspapers for objective journalism are being provided anything but when it comes to reporting on First Nations issues."

Black said the decision to insist that his own opinion be put into all the newspapers was a tough thing to do. He said he knows what the dangers of forcing an opinion on people can be. But in his mind, the Nisga'a agreement is not the best deal for the Nisga'a people or the province right now.

"It was tough. It's the first time in 23 years [in the newspaper industry] that I've done this," he said "The treaty as proposed now is not acceptable."

Black said the provincial government is pushing the agreement onto the Nisga'a people without the majority of the people knowing what the deal means. The non-Native people in the province haven't been educated enough on the deal or the background either, he said



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Page 2*

October 1998

October 1998

Nisga By Paul Barnsley Windspeaker Staff V

VAI

It seems like the e ince of British Colur tracted, maybe ever by the Nisga'a Final A

The owner of sever per chains has banne tive mention of the editorials. Publisl Black (no relation 1 says the Clark gover disseminated enou ganda in favor of t placing (very lucra mation ads in the pay Black, strangely enou has no intention o First Nations leader lieve the ban is an editorial balance. The it's an attempt at o The hiring of Mel Sr notorious in the prov lack of sympathy for people, to "explain" deal to the readers of odd weekly newspa **Aboriginal leaders** publisher's claims th them to get a fair de The national me the news about Black But people who live of the Rocky Moun



Delgamukw: Nobody seems to get it **By Paul Barnsley**

WINDSPEAKER

NEWS

Windspeaker Staff Writer

WILLIAMS LAKE, B.C.

Governments are resisting the new reality of Aboriginal title and they're getting away with it because Aboriginal people aren't being aggressive enough, a British Columbia chief says.

Chief Ray Hance, a Tsilhot'in National Government coordinator, believes it's make-itor-break-it time for First Nations. His tribal group of six British Columbia Interior First Nation communities, with offices in Williams Lake, B.C., is making plans to turn up the heat on the provincial and federal governments.

"All my life, I've been fighting for the recognition of Aboriginal title," said Hance. "Now, I don't have to. Now, I have to fight for proper implementation of Aboriginal title."

It's a fight that has been waged in a fragmented, disorganized way all over the country in recent months. Confrontations between First Nations and resource sector companies have become a regular occurrence in various parts of the country despite the fact that most companies have made great efforts to avoid costly mill closures, roadblocks, demonstrations or court fights. All summer long, newspaper headlines reported disputes in New Brunswick, then Quebec, then British Columbia. Saskatchewan, Ontario and Alberta, as well as the northern territories, all have situations that could easily boil over. Aboriginal leaders say these confrontations can be traced back to one thing: Governments are unwilling to face limits on their control of the land within their jurisdiction, even when the highest court in the land has ruled the law says they must. On the surface, it appears that the companies are the problem, Hance said, because every confrontation pits a company



Above: A rally was held in Vancouver in October 1996 to protest logging on Nuxalk land near Bella Coola. Above right: Two Elders participated in a protest last month designed to stop gas well drilling on sacred land.

against at least one First Nation. Hance said you have to look more closely to see what's really going on.

"That's the way governments do it. They shove somebody between themselves and the problem," Hance said. "It's a classic, classic war tactic that's been used for thousands of years divide and conquer. Well, we're prepared to reverse that divide and conquer. Instead of the government pitting the companies against the Indians, we're going to pit the companies against the government." The Tsilhot'in tribal chief said his organization is working as part of the recently established Interior Nations Alliance. The 83 communities represented by the alliance are formulating a strategy they think will force the government to pay more attention to the Supreme Court of Canada ruling. Hance would not disclose the details of that strategy, but he provided a hint with his later remarks. "We've told the government they've got to get serious about jurisdiction or everything's going to stop in our territory," he said. "We've told the companies

that regardless of what permits they receive from the provincial government, if they don't make agreements with us directly, they're not going to work in our territory."

He said Aboriginal people haven't yet fully grasped the extent of their rights under Delgamuukw and it will be an important part of the leadership's job to make the people





BERT CROWFOOT

Confrontations between First Nations and resource sector companies have become a regular occurrence in various parts of the country despite the fact that most companies have made great efforts to avoid costly mill closures, roadblocks, demonstrations or court fights.

more aware.

"It's a really frustrating time, but a really exciting time," he said. "At one time with Aboriginal title, you could just barely see the sails over the horizon. Now it's at the dock. Now we got to make something of it. And we've got to inform, teach, convince people that what we're doing is right."

Others have made a similar observation. Chris McCormick, an anti-tax specialist with Ontario's Association of Iroquois and Allied Indians, told Windspeaker of a situation that occurred during a border crossing at Sault Ste. Marie in early September.

An Aboriginal man who crossed into Michigan from Ontario and then purchased a set of tires before joining the procession back into Canada, a demonstration against Canada's failure to recognize the Jay Treaty, asked McCormick if he should throw a tarp over the tires so the Customs officers wouldn't ask him to declare them.

"I told him, 'No!' That's the whole point of us doing this," he said, laughing.

Convincing Aboriginal people that they have these legal rights and convincing them to be aggressive about enjoying and utilizing their rights isn't going to come easy, Hance and McCormick said, but it needs to be done.

Hance said he and his fellow chiefs will take on the government but they need the help of all First Nations chiefs and grassroots members to make Hance said. any progress.

"People who are willing to cooperate are treated differently," he said, adding that he believes the public governments use preferential treatment to divide



NOEL CHENIER

New Brunswick's Aboriginal loggers rallied in mid-May to show the provincial government they won't come out of the woods. All summer long, newspaper headlines reported disputes in New Brunswick, then Quebec, then British Columbia. Saskatchewan, Ontario and Alberta, as well as the northern territories, all have situations that could easily boil over.

the Aboriginal community and the only smart move is to reject such offers.

In order to force the province to recognize how much the court decision has changed the rules or convince the federal government to honor the spirit and intent of treaties, Aboriginal people need a united front,

"Even though Delgamuukw told the province it doesn't have the constitutional authority to limit Aboriginal title, the province is still doing it through their agency staff," he said. "I believe

they're coaching the line agency staff to freeze out Aboriginal people."

By sticking together and stubbornly insisting that governments honor their legal obligations, Hance believes victory is possible.

"I've been chief since 1973," he said. "The government used to refuse to even consider Aboriginal title. They said they did everything out of the goodness of their heart. Now we know we have Aboriginal title and we have to implement it to its fullest capacity."

(Continued from page

"The government force-feed it. They a to the people with as opposed to edu people about what said.

A primary vehicle ernment's campaigr the Nisga'a agreem advertisements in t of Black's newspap under his control printed opinion p government source the agreement

Black said his act a way to present th to the public.

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The Canadian As Journalists has come on Black, calling his attempt to "censor o on the B.C. treaty-m ess."

Black said he hasn news coverage of



October 1998

Nisga'a deal becomes political football

WINDSPEAKER

NEWS

By Paul Barnsley Windspeaker Staff Writer

VANCOUVER

It seems like the entire province of British Columbia is distracted, maybe even obsessed, by the Nisga'a Final Agreement.

The owner of several newspaper chains has banned any positive mention of the deal in any editorials. Publisher David Black (no relation to Conrad) says the Clark government has disseminated enough propaganda in favor of the deal by placing (very lucrative) information ads in the papers, which Black, strangely enough, said he has no intention of refusing. First Nations leaders don't believe the ban is an attempt at editorial balance. They believe it's an attempt at censorship. The hiring of Mel Smith, a man notorious in the province for his lack of sympathy for Aboriginal people, to "explain" the Nisga'a deal to the readers of Black's 50odd weekly newspapers, makes Aboriginal leaders doubt the publisher's claims that he wants them to get a fair deal.

The national media carried the news about Black's decision. But people who live to the east of the Rocky Mountains might



There is a lot of noise being made about the Nisga'a Final Agreement, initialed on Aug. 4 in New Aiyansh, B.C. As the Nisga'a people prepare to vote on the fate of the agreement, British Columbia's heaviest-hitters, for and against the agreement, are waging a war of words trying to gain public support of their positions.

not detect, as they read, watch or listen to those reports, that the Black story is a symptom of the larger story. The Nisga'a debate is becoming intense.

Published reports suggest Premier Glen Clark may decide to call a snap election on the issue because popular support (if the polls are accurate) for the deal is running at 40 per cent. leaders have been using the 90 Compare that with the 20 per cent his NDP government is currently scoring, you can see it's a temptation for Clark. An election on the Nisga'a deal would be a chance to ride the sentiment that many British Columbians share — that it's time to bring certainty and finality to treaty talks — to a renewed mandate. During the agreement's initialing ceremony in New Aiyansh on Aug. 4, the premier said he didn't want the Nisga'a deal to become an election issue, but the political situation has become so heated and unpredictable that it can't rule it out.

The NDP has gone so far as to file a lawsuit against the Vancouver Sun. The NDP allege that the daily plays up the negative stories about the government and plays down all positive stories and is generally biased against the NDP, which has made ratification of the Nisga'a agreement its main priority.

The Liberal Opposition is lobbying hard for a referendum on the Nisga'a deal, something Clark said won't happen as long as he's premier.

The Nisga'a people are scheduled to vote on the agreement in early November. Nisga'a

days between the initialing ceremony and the Nisga'a referendum to register voters and attempt to explain the mammoth document to those must decide its fate. As heated as the debate has become in the mainstream, it is just as intense within the Nisga'a community and within the non-Nisga'a Aboriginal communities.

Aboriginal leaders who oppose the deal are consulting lawyers and making plans to discredit the deal if it is approved.

Chief Ray Hance of the Tsilhot'in National Government, which represents bands in the central Interior, won't even grant what supporters call the first modern-day treaty the status of a treaty.

"Our lawyers tell us it won't be a treaty," he said. "It will be a domestic land use agreement. Treaties are negotiated nation-tonation. It's the difference between international law and domestic agreements. B.C. is part of Canada. B.C. shouldn't be there, if this is a treaty. That's what it says in the Royal Proclamation of 1763 and the Supreme Court of Canada recognized the Royal Proclamation in Delganuukav less than a year ago."

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Nisga'a deal painted 'Black' by B.C. publisher

Page 3



NOEL CHENIER

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(Continued from page 1.) "The government is trying to

force-feed it. They are selling it to the people with half truths, as opposed to educating the people about what's in it," he said

A primary vehicle for the government's campaign to promote the Nisga'a agreement is paid advertisements in the majority of Black's newspapers. Papers under his control have also printed opinion pieces from government sources in favor of the agreement

Black said his actions are just a way to present the other side to the public.

"Let's get an educated public here. This is too complex and there's too many issues," he said.

Although he is against the current agreement, Black said he would like to see an agreement negotiated with the Nisga'a. He would like to see the negotiations on a new agreement start up soon after the current agreement is voted down.

"I'm not saying let's turn the clock back," he said. "We need to get this done as rapidly as possible and then get on with things."

If the Nisga'a agreement is voted down by the Nisga'a people, Black's 60 newspapers will again form a united front and lobby for those new negotiations, he said.

"It should be resolved and my papers will be at the forefront saying that this has to be resolved," he said.

The Canadian Association of Journalists has come down hard on Black, calling his actions an attempt to "censor open debate on the B.C. treaty-making process."

Black said he hasn't restricted

ment, just the opinions expressed on the editorial page.

Trudi Beutel, secretary for the Canadian Association of Journalists, said Black has gone too far in trying to influence an issue.

"Black is saying the public has the right to know only what he wants them to know," she said.

Beutel said Black's intention to only influence the editorial page of the newspapers and continue to write fair and unbiased news stories on the treaty process is walking a thin line.

"The opinion/editorial are his words... but what's the bigger picture," she asked. "How will Black's mandate affect letters to the editor? How will it affect how the reporters write their news stories. It's a trickle-down effect."

Boni Fox, a board of directors member of the Canadian Association of Journalists also said the "trickle-down effect" could taint the objectivity of the paper.

"It can't help but be a suppression of fair and balanced coverage on this issue," said Fox, a television reporter who has worked in Edmonton and is now a freelance reporter working with CBC in Vancouver.

Even if the papers can continue to write fair and objective articles on the treaty process, Fox said, the public may question their objectivity. She said Black's mandate could not only give those B.C. newspapers questionable credibility with the public, but could also give the whole journalism industry a black eye.

As one of the editors of a paper owned by Black said, "They'll be talking about this in journalism schools for years to come."

"I think it is not helping the

The Nisga'a people are tentatively scheduled to vote on the Nisga'a Final Agreement in November, but publisher David Black says he's already decided the agreement is bad news for the people of the Nass Valley as well as the rest of the people in the province.

that many people already feel there is a bias in the media. "Something like this can't be helping our cause at all."

Despite the concerns, Fox said Black's initiative may result in an ironic twist. She said that despite his insistence to express only anti-Nisga'a sentiment on his newspapers' editorial pages, his actions have focused a lot of attention on the Nisga'a Final Agreement across the country and in particular in British Columbia.

That attention to the issue is

serve system isn't working and hasn't for a hundred years is a part of his desire to turf the Nisga'a agreement.

He said the agreement is just a continuation of the reserve system. It will lead to more problems and more barriers between Native and non-Native homelands in B.C," further inpeople.

"You can't separate people based on their race or religion and give them a separate piece of geography," said Black, a firm believer in equality for all.

He said it will produce more sue were unsuccessful.

His own opinion that the re- ill-will between the two groups of people.

DEBORA LOCKYER

"It will feed racism for a long time," he said.

Although proponents of the agreement say it will break the reserve system, Black believes the treaty process will instead create "a society of 50 or 60 creasing the diversity between Aboriginal and non-Aboriginal cultures.

Attempts to reach Nisga'a Tribal Council President Joe Gosnell for comment on the is-

news coverage of the agree- industry any," said Fox, adding just what Black wants.

WINDSPEAKER NEWS

October 1998

Federal Court of Appeal hears Mitchell case

By Paul Barnsley Windspeaker Staff Writer

OTTAWA

The Federal Court of Appeal spent five days in mid-September listening to arguments from federal government lawyers who urged the court to set aside the Federal Court decision handed down in June 1997. The decision stated that the Mohawks of Akwesasne have the Aboriginal right to carry non-commercial goods across the border without paying duty.

Last Sept. 25, three months after losing the Mitchell case, lawyers working for the Ministry of National Revenue filed a notice of appeal of Judge William P. McKeown's 105-page decision in favor of Akwesasne Grand Chief Mike Mitchell. The judge ruled on June 27, 1997 that Mitchell did not have to pay the \$361.64 in duties that Customs officials had billed him after he carried a load of goods across the border into Canada from the United States. McKeown ruled that the Mohawks had a constitutionally-protected Aboriginal right to freely cross a border that was drawn through their traditional territory by the colonial powers.

The judge's decision limited the constitutional protection for the duty-free importation of



DEBORA LOCKYER

Mitchell consulted with chiefs and Elders in his community before deciding on which types of goods he would use to test Section 135 of the Customs Act.

enue has spent at least \$293, 991 so far trying to collect that \$361.94 bill from Mitchell. The larger figure represents the legal costs the judge ordered Canada to pay after he rendered his decision. Legal costs have increased as federal government lawyers spend time developing argugoods to those goods used for ments that will be aimed at trying to overturn the decision. Ontario lawyer Paul Williams, a treaty and land claim specialist, is a member of the Mitchell legal team. He told Windspeaker the three judges who heard the case spent a lot of time quizzing the government lawyers about their arguments, but he isn't prepared to speculate on the outcome of the

to prepare themselves for the

challenge of seeing their abuser

again as former dormitory su-

pervisor Arthur Henry Plint

was scheduled to be brought

down from Mountain Prison to

A hush fell over the court-

room as deputy sheriffs led the

80-year old Plint to the stand.

This was the first time many of

the plaintiffs had seen him since

their student days at AIRS.

court's deliberations.

"The court is going to think about it for awhile," he said when asked if a decision was expected soon. "I really don't know when we'll hear."

The Crown's argument centred on four main points:

the government objects to what it maintains is a global

was extinguished by the Customs Act.

Sources in Ottawa who followed the trial expect a compromise decision will be handed down by the court, but no one knows exactly what to expect.

Williams, after listening to the government's case, believes it was mostly about limiting the damage done to the government's ideal position by the original decision.

"I see it as an attempt to limit the impact of the judgement," he said.

The judges' questions to both sides explored in-depth the limits of non-commercial trade, which suggests that is an issue the court will focus on.

"The court wanted to know if non-commercial trade means Mike Mitchell can sell cars in the Yukon, or is it limited to trading baskets with other Mohawks," Williams said.

Williams, who lives near Six Nations and has worked as an unofficial legal advisor to chiefs of the Iroquois Confederacy council, admits he's not sure what the government's political motivation for pursuing the appeal may be. He and his colleagues on the Mitchell legal team believe the issue should be negotiated, not litigated.

"Why spend millions on a case involving customs and duties when NAFTA will eliminate all customs and duties within a few years?" he asked. "It doesn't make sense. This is a case crying out for negotiation." He pointed out that Mitchell went out of his way to be reasonable in what he brought across the border to test the Customs Act, and added that the Akwesasne council is more than willing to negotiate a deal that the test case approach after losthat the border crossing right would respect Canada's needs ing at trial.

ness, Plint claimed to have for-

gotten ever beating or sexually

though he pled guilty to numer-

ous charges of buggery and

sexual assault, Plint now claims

he cannot recall any of the

events that led to his 11-year

Nor did he admit to remem-

bering children being given

squirts of cod liver oil at break-

CONFÉRENCE DES ARTS

prison sentence.

molesting students. Even

for a secure border. Williams said the government's insistence in pursuing this matter in court is actually making the border less secure.

"Canada doesn't seem to recognize that as long as it refuses to keep the Crown's promises regarding the Jay Treaty and the Treaty of Ghent, the people running cigarettes and things across the border can continue to pretend to be heroes," he said. "Legitimate Indigenous governments can't do anything as long as Canada's not keeping its

promises." A call to the Justice ministry, for the government's point of view of the appeal led to a return call from a senior Department of National Revenue spokesman. Michel Cleroux

said the government viewed the Mitchell case as a test case and was only appealing the decision to get it clarified.

"The original case requires clarification," he said. "A lot of questions aren't answered. The appeal is consistent with a test case. Canada's Aboriginal people and all Canadians deserve a certain amount of certainty in this area."

Since the government claims to be using the case to clarify the law for the public good, Cleroux said, the government will pay a portion of Chief Mitchell's legal costs.

"The government has agreed to pay all reasonable legal costs

Invest

October 1998

By Rob McKinley Windspeaker Staff W

WHI

Native leaders in want answers after a nal man was shot ar Whitehorse RCMP o According to RCM had to use lethal force old Harley Clayton Jo was also known Timmers, after the tw scuffle and Timmers ing the officer.

The RCMP report early morning hours the officer, Cst. Wa was in pursuit of a had been reported sto a high-speed pursuit vehicle crashed off th driver ran into a n housing developme under construction.

The lone officer cha pect. RCMP report eventually turned to ficer and raised a weapon. The two scu to the ground, and th overpowered by the began choking him f The RCMP report I



personal and community use.

Mitchell consulted with chiefs and Elders in his community before deciding on which types of goods he would use to test Section 135 of the Customs Act. No goods that could be considered harmful to the community (such as alcohol, drugs or firearms) were included.

The Ministry of National Rev-

Plaintiffs in the Alberni Indian

Residential School trial pre-

pared to face a monster as they

walked up the steps of the

Nanaimo courthouse on Aug.

The night before, the plaintiffs

had gathered in a healing circle

NANAIMO, B.C.

By David Wiwchar

24.

Windspeaker Contributor

approach to border crossing rights taken by the trial judge, that is, that rights specifically belonging to the Mohawks of Akwesasne have been extended to all First Nations;

that Canada's sovereignty is threatened by the decision; that the trial judge overlooked

certain evidence;

Victims face their abuser at Alberni trial

Dressed in prison greens, he

spoke with a rough voice, his

hands nervously tapping, touch-

ing and twitching in front of him.

hair now forms a ring around

his aging, bald head and he

needs the assistance of a hear-

ing aid, a cane and reading

glasses, Plint remains sharp,

answering lawyers questions

before they even had the chance

to finish them.

Although tufts of stark white

he will incur as a result of the appeal," the Revenue official said.

lowed to speak their Native lan-

guages or the frequency of his

Plint said he has "tried to for-

get what happened at the

Alberni Indian Residential

His victims, however, say they

are unable to forget the pain, tor-

ture and humiliation they were

forced to endure at his hands.

(see Plint page 10.)

assaults on students.

Cleroux could not say if the legal fees for the original trial would be included in that announcement, suggesting that the government only adopted

But despite this mental sharp- fast or how they were not al-

School."

Three years aft George died as a resu **Provincial Police Act** Kenneth Deane's ac negligence, a lawyer the George family's wrongful death la they're almost ready George's survivor

provincial premier, general, the then-co of the OPP and othe ants in the legal action ily has offered to d claim if Premier Mik a public inquiry int shooting death Potawatomi land cla

Deane is appealin tion. The Crown is a sentence, saying the community service dered to perform is cient punishment. Lawyer Murray I

said he and his



2

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case

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government has agreed all reasonable legal costs l incur as a result of the ," the Revenue official

October 1998

WINDSPEAKER NEWS

Investigation demanded in northern shooting

By Rob McKinley Windspeaker Staff Writer

WHITEHORSE

Native leaders in the Yukon want answers after an Aboriginal man was shot and killed by Whitehorse RCMP on Sept. 8.

According to RCMP, the officer had to use lethal force on 22-yearold Harley Clayton Johnnie, who was also known as Harley Timmers, after the two got into a scuffle and Timmers was choking the officer.

The RCMP report that in the early morning hours of Sept. 8, the officer, Cst. Wayne Foster, was in pursuit of a vehicle that had been reported stolen. During a high-speed pursuit, the suspect vehicle crashed off the road. The driver ran into a neighboring housing development that was under construction.

The lone officer chased the suspect. RCMP report the suspect eventually turned to face the officer and raised a bottle as a weapon. The two scuffled, falling to the ground, and the officer was overpowered by the suspect who began choking him from behind. The RCMP report that Cst. Fos-

ter, nearing the point of unconsciousness, drew his gun and fired toward his attacker. Two shots hit his attacker, but did not stop the assault. Foster fired once more. This shot, according to the RCMP report, "glanced off the top of the driver's head at which point he released his hold on the police officer."

The suspect was flown to a Vancouver hospital where he died a short time later.

Three RCMP officers from Vancouver's serious crimes squad were dispatched to Whitehorse to assist in the police investigation of the shooting. The use of outside assistance is to ensure the investigation is fair an unbiased.

But it doesn't sit well with Grand Chief Shirley Adamson of the Council of Yukon First Nations. Since the shooting, she and other Aboriginal leaders have been trying to get their own answers into what happened.

"A number of questions have been raised," said Adamson.

Some of those questions include why a lone police officer would pursue a suspect in the dark, take part in a high speed chase through residential areas, and why the victim wasn't iden-

tified before he was shot.

"All of the questions are plaguing the family and the community," said Adamson.

A week and a half after Timmers was shot, Native leaders and police began negotiations about an independent investigation. Adamson said it took a long time to come to an agreement. She said the family and Aboriginal community deserve answers and those answers need to come from people they trust.

"They are not believing that it officer. [the truth] is going to come from an RCMP process," she said. "It was two people in the dark. That's all we know. Somebody has to tell Harley's side of the story."

Assisting the northern Native leaders are representatives from the Assembly of First Nations. Assembly Grand Chief Phil Fontaine pulled no punches in his reaction to the news of the shooting. He questioned the race relations between Aboriginal people and police agencies and recommended better cultural sensitivity training for police.

"We are not questioning

whether the law should be up- ending if society continues to tolheld and enforced. What disturbs us is the callous, unreasonable and reckless use of force that we are experiencing, -between Aboriginal people and seemingly on the basis of race," said Fontaine.

Maurice Switzer, spokesman for the assembly, said his organization is watching this case very closely as it is similar to the March shooting death of two Tsuu T'ina First Nation residents in Alberta by an RCMP

"Our role is to defend the interests of First Nation people in all parts of the country," said Switzer. He said many Aboriginal people are marginalized, living in poverty, and this has been true since European settlers first came to Canada. Frustration and oppression can lead people into some very unfortunate situations, he said.

"When any segment of a society has been marginalized, sometimes the consequences of that marginalization are tragic," he said, adding that these types of incidents won't go away until everyone recognizes the troubles Aboriginal people face.

"There never will be a happy

erate poverty and marginalization of some of its citizens."

He said the incidents of clashes police forces are growing.

"Our information is that the relationship is very strained in many communities across Canada," he said.

Switzer said he hopes that the Whitehorse RCMP will be willing to provide an independent investigation team with all the records of the incident.

Neither the Assembly of First Nations or the Council of Yukon First Nations could present a timeline for an independent investigation. Adamson said she wanted it completed "as soon as humanly possible."

The Whitehorse RCMP said there were no timelines for when their investigation would conclude, but said information would be released once it had wrapped up.

In Alberta, the investigation into the shooting death of Connie Jacobs and her son, Ty, on the Tsuu T'ina First Nation is being reviewed by the Criminal Justice Branch of the Attorney General's office in British Columbia.

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Ipperwash stonewalling a 'stinking mess'

By Paul Barnsley Windspeaker Staff Writer

TORONTO

Andrew Orkin expect the civil action against the Ontario government will begin to heat up in pages surfaced after the newspa-

the time of the shooting, yielded three pages. Two hundred more

concluded the government reached the point of being a stink-"faces no legal barriers to the establishment of a public inquiry to just waiting for the summons so

ing mess and some people are November. But readers of To- per appealed to the Privacy identify the causes of the death . they'll have a chance to do what they can to set it right." All parties must file a list of the sworn documents they will present during the civil hearings by the end of October. After that deadline passes, the George family's lawyers will schedule examinations for discovery. During discovery, lawyers are allowed to question witnesses to obtain information that they can use to prepare their cases for court. Klippenstein said he will make a special court application to have the discovery questioning held in public. That's significant because Premier Harris and Attorney General Charles Harnick have been summoned to appear. "If it happens, it will be unprecedented," Klippenstein said: "Discovery is usually done behind closed doors because lawsuits are seen as a private matters between the parties involved. But the whole point of this case is the public interest."

Page 5

oux could not say if the ees for the original trial be included in that anement, suggesting that vernment only adopted t case approach after lostrial.

i trial

how they were not alto speak their Native lanor the frequency of his s on students.

said he has "tried to forhat happened at the ni Indian Residential

victims, however, say they ble to forget the pain, tord humiliation they were to endure at his hands. Plint page 10.)

EUPLES rts du Canada

J-delà de l'an a (Ontario) rts autochtones, vous ortante rencontre n faisant parvenir vos

emiers Peuples,

Three years after Dudley George died as a result of Ontario **Provincial** Police Acting-Sergeant Kenneth Deane's act of criminal negligence, a lawyer working on the George family's \$7 million wrongful death lawsuit said they're almost ready for court.

George's survivors named the provincial premier, the attorney general, the then-commissioner of the OPP and others as defendants in the legal action. The family has offered to drop the civil claim if Premier Mike Harris calls a public inquiry into the police shooting death of the Potawatomi land claim protester. Deane is appealing the conviction. The Crown is appealing his sentence, saying the 180 hours of community service he was ordered to perform is not a sufficient punishment.

ronto-area newspapers might be surprised to hear that, because reports in the Toronto Star and The Globe and Mail indicate the heat is already turned way up. Both papers had filed information requests and then published stories about the Harris government's lack of co-operation. Requested files have disappeared and attempts to obtain information about government actions during the occupation of Ipperwash Provincial Park that led to the confrontation when George was killed, have been unsuccessful despite the intervention of the province's Privacy Commissioner who oversees Freedom of Information Act compliance.

The Globe and Mail reported that its first request for records kept by OPP Superintendent, Ron Fox, while he was on a temporary assignment with the pro-Lawyer Murray Klippenstein vincial solicitor general as a spesaid he and his colleague cialist in First Nations issues at

Commissioner. Only 85 of those pages were released by the ministry, and half of those pages were blank or heavily censored.

The government was almost maneuvered into dealing with the issue just before the legislature rose for the summer when Peter Kormos, the NDP member for Welland-Thorold, invoked a rarely-used standing order to put the matter before the government's Justice committee. But the government took unprecedented - and some observers say, desperate — measures to keep the spotlight off of its own actions in relation to the shooting.

Officials have deflected calls for a public inquiry by saying they can't comment or provide information because the matter is still before the courts. But Patrick Macklem, a respected law professor at the University of Toronto, analyzed the law surrounding public inquiries and

of Mr. George."

Klippenstein said he is not surprised by the difficulty he has faced in accessing government information.

"We assumed from the beginning that documents would disappear, but we have reason to believe there are people in the civil service who believe a terrible wrong was done and are willing to speak out. They're bound by their oath, but they're awaiting a summons to appear in court."

The lawyer said many senior government officials cannot legally aid the George family's quest for answers, because civil servants swear a confidentiality oath. But, once summoned to testify in court, they will no longer be bound by the oath and the truth will start to emerge.

"A lot of people in Queen's Park [the Ontario legislature] know this stinks to high heaven," he said. "The excuses have





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speaker

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Publisher betrays public trust

A good newspaper is willing to anger an advertiser by going after the news, no matter what. A bad newspaper isn't.

WINDSPEAKER

EDITORIAL

That's the best test for any publication and it looks like British Columbia publisher David Black failed that test miserably.

favor of the Nisga'a Final Agreement from his 60 weeklies, it was hotly debated across the country, giving Black a certain unenviable notoriety.

A newspaper publisher is an important figure in a community, sought after and well-connected with all the prominent people, especially the business owners who keep the newspaper in business by purchasing advertising space.

Black's papers are located in own interests. communities where the resource sector is king. That sector is wary of the Nisga'a deal because Aboriginal governments might take away the free hand they've enjoyed so far. Aboriginal governments believe that conservation is as important as exploitation.

A newspaper publisher is also a businessperson and moves in a circle of, and is influenced by, business people. But the public tions' initiative to fight back any trusts newspaper publishers to promote the open discussion of ideas, not just the business agenda. The public trusts publishers to be the champions of a When he banned opinions in free press and the pursuit of Black has put himself in the truth.

> If Black is tired of publishing government ads which trumpet the merits of the Nisga'a accord, he can refuse to run the ads. But taking the money from the government, and then saying that the editorial space has to be limited in order to provide balance, is hypocritical, and it's an abdication of the journalist's timehonored responsibility to put the public good before his or her

> We're going to give Mr. Black the benefit of the doubt and say we believe his decision wasn't racially motivated. But it could easily be seen as racist and it is seen that way by many people.

> If Black read Windspeaker he would have known that now is not a good time to fiddle with

the press when it comes to First Nations issues. He ran head-on into the Assembly of First Natime the press shows bias against Aboriginal people. The AFN hit back hard and called on all its friends to do likewise.

On the surface, it looks like same class as the Soviet Union's state-controlled Pravda, as the AFN's Maurice Switzer said. But there's a difference: He is making his move to spite a government, not to serve a government. He gets some points for that. A journalist's job is not to serve as a lapdog for those in power. Where Black loses those points is when he serves those in the province who may not hold political power at the present time but still represent the establishment, the conservative forces of British Columbia. If you're in the news business, Mr. Black, print the news — all of it!

If you can't or won't, you don't belong in the club and we don't want you.



Editor's note: This let sponse to an editorial p the Ottawa Citizen. Mr. has requested that W print this letter in respe

Dear Ottawa Citizen

I am writing in re your editorial entitle Under The Law which on June 5, 1998 to sa reservation, there is thing in this country.

The only place in dian justice system th such thing as equality law is in the minds ar of a few privileged u people.

There are many ex this fact throughout t of this political illus called Canada, for m different classes of p call Canada their ho Walter Stewart's boo in Canada, for an eyetalk to some of the w live in this country

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Dear Editor: I am researc great-grandfathe The search has lea Brunswick, Cana I talked to Geo Panopscot reser Maine, near w great-grandmo great-grandfathe he said that th name was comm the Natives by G I am looking for Brooks born in the died about three year was 95 years old. I believe my

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PAPERS





ited our territory a few years ago. We were all very thrilled. It's reported that when the Pope visits a city in the United States, the crime rate takes a dramatic fall. Something about his presence seems to impact our behavior in a positive way. I wonder how we would be impacted if we heard news that the Pope was involved in some scandal Wouldn't we feel that the world was going downhill, that somehow we collectively had been down- faithful to his wife --- no quesgraded as people? physical reminder of our own desire for improvement. We need our heroes to be perfect in every way because, for some reason, it makes us feel safer, better or closer to our Creator. When one of our heroes falls from grace, it has an impact on the social conscience of the followers. The leaders of a country like the United States have a duty to live exemplary lives, but we shouldn't expect that they will be perfect or that they will not do wrong. They are, after all, only human and subject to the same temptations as the rest of us. It is we who have cloaked them in the hero's cape. It is we who have put them above. So if we are angry or hurt because he falls, shouldn't we take some of the responsibility for the distance he falls?





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By Steven Point Windspeaker Columnist

While listening to the news about the whole President Clinton sex scandal recently, it occurred to me how much we normal people need heroes to idolize. We need people we can look up to in order to make sense of our own lives.

Throughout history, many different people have stepped forward to satisfy that need. If our plight on earth is to live and learn, there really seems no better way to do so than by picking a role model and following in his or her footsteps. This situation is sometimes referred to as mentoring. Mentors, however, are real people that we can meet and talk to from time to time when the need arises.

Super-human heroes like the President of the United States are unreachable for the common folk. These people step in different circles from the rest of us, yet they somehow serve a much needed function in our modern society. Perhaps our world is getting much too complex and busy. Maybe we need very visible people who represent popular ideals like honesty, integrity and fairness.

These values must need to be personified in one person so that their presence can be felt in a real way and not just seen in books or movies. Somehow our heroes provide us some comfort in a world that seems to be dominated by negative values associated with money, power and greed.

I remember how sad I felt when I heard the news about Mother Teresa's death even though I had never met her. My daughter did get to shake her hand when Mother Teresa vis-

It is a crazy world that makes heroes out of paper and when they stain we burn them. President Clinton should have been would wake us up to reality.

United States President Bill Clinton.

tion. He let his wife down. But

We need our heroes as a has he also failed his country? He has two roles to play that should not necessarily inform each other. But in today's media mania world, image on television is everything. We believe more in the image of the man than in the man himself. It is no wonder that our heroes let us down every now and then. They aren't real to begin with.

> I submit that the president is guilty of being a weak male who should get some counseling. His presidential record, however, should speak for itself.

I just wonder who the next hero will be and if the people can find someone who is perfect enough to fit the hero's cape? I'm sure that if you were to examine the lives of most men in the way that Clinton's life is examined now, perhaps the truth would emerge that our heroes are made, not born. We generally, I think, prefer mythology to reality and woe to the man who



October 1998

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WINDSPEAKER LETTERS

Equality under the law a fallacy in Canada

Editor's note: This letter is in response to an editorial published in the Ottawa Citizen. Mr. Dan Ennis has requested that Windspeaker print this letter in response.

Dear Ottawa Citizen Editor:

I am writing in response to your editorial entitled Equality Under The Law which appeared on June 5, 1998 to say, without reservation, there is no such thing in this country.

The only place in the Canadian justice system there is any such thing as equality under the law is in the minds and rhetoric of a few privileged upper class people.

There are many examples of this fact throughout the history of this political illusion that is called Canada, for many of the different classes of people who call Canada their home. Read Walter Stewart's book, But Not in Canada, for an eye-opener. Or talk to some of the women who live in this country and hear

their stories about being relegated to second class status in this country.

Look at the situations faced by poor people, people who were forced into poverty by a country driven by the concepts of profit-margins, competition and dog-eat-dog economics. This is the same system that buys and sells lawmakers, judges, police officers, and lawyers. It creates a multi-tiered system of justice that no one can deny has been operating in this country since its birth, and continues to operate in this country today.

There is one tier for the rich and connected, one for the poor, one for women, one for people of color, and the list goes on. There is definitely one for the lowly Indian, who is not white or not rich, and one who is considered by many not to be human enough to require equality under the white man's law. Read Pagans Amongst Us for an eye-opener.

Think about it. Consider the Indian Act. Is there a French Act or a German Act or an Irish Act or a Chinese Act? Is there any other such government law in place to control other ethnic groups in this country? Is this your idea of equality under the

law? Please don't tell me this Indian Act was created to preserve my culture. I've heard other EuroCanadians use that kind of justification of this racist law. That is wrong. The Indian Act is similar to the Jim Crow laws of the U.S. of the Apartheid laws of South Africa.

Read the Hansard report or the Privy Council Report, or the early writings of any of your Canadian heroes to find out the real purpose of the first Indian Act. It's expressed purpose was to eliminate Indian people, my people, once and for all. It was to rid Canada of its "Indian problem" and bring about a final solution.

When you speak about equality under the law with respect to the Indian people in this country, you must first read that section of the Human Rights Act which exempts Indian people from such human rights protection.

Or look at the New Brunswick ruling where they ruled that New Brunswick Indian people were exempt from provincial sales tax at the point of sale, but the province continued to collect the tax at those points of sale right up until the time that the Supreme Court of Canada issued its ruling. But, when the New Brunswick Appeal Court ruled against Indian people in the Thomas Peter-Paul Crown lands logging dispute, the government acted immediately to force Indian people to cease cutting on Crown land, even though the decision was being appealed in the Supreme Court. Where is the equality there? There are also Indian-owned

businesses in New Brunswick that have employed non-Natives for the past five years who are now being forced to fire those non-Native employees as a result of government policies and actions which have come out of the Crown land logging issue. Where is the equality under the law in these cases?

Page 7

Equality under the law is an illusion. It is a good concept that has been perverted and corrupted over the past 131 years here in Canada. It began in the feudal systems of European where kings and lords ruled, where landowners and wealth defined equality under the law. It was imposed upon this country when those Europeans came to these shores and we, the Indian people and other minority groups, have paid dearly for it ever since.

> All My Relations, Dan Ennis Tobique First Nation New Brunswick

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Dear Editor:

I am researching my great-grandfathers roots. The search has lead to New Brunswick, Canada.

I talked to George at the Panopscot reservation in great-grandfather met, and he said that the Brooks name was common among the Natives by Gagetown. I am looking for Edward L. tion. Brooks born in the 1900s. He died about three years ago and was 95 years old.

OTTER

mother knows more, but changes the subject whenever I have spoken to her about her mother and father.

Edward married Bertha Pearl Sutton who died in Maine, near where my 1945 of congenital heart great-grandmother and failure. Edward had the following siblings Harry Brooks, Alfred Brooks. Nell Brooks.

Skating for others!

National Hockey League star Sheldon Kennedy rollerbladed onto the Siksika Nation in southern Alberta in August. Kennedy was greeted by Rev. Arthur Ayoungman and the Siksika Nation contributed more than \$5,000 in donations and souvenir purchases to the Sheldon Kennedy Skate Across Canada campaign designed to raise money to open a ranch in British Columbia for victims of child abuse. "This is an issue the effects all walks of life in our society," said Kennedy.





lent Bill Clinton.

il to his wife — no ques-He let his wife down. But also failed his country? has two roles to play that d not necessarily inform other. But in today's meania world, image on teln is everything. We bemore in the image of the han in the man himself. It vonder that our heroes let wn every now and then. aren't real to begin with. bmit that the president is of being a weak male who d get some counseling. His lential record, however, d speak for itself.

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Thanks for any informa-

Rona Moore Please send any information to the editor at I believe my grand- Windspeaker.

By Karl Terry





WINDSPEAKER PEOPLE



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FIRST NATIONS NAFTA INTERNATIONAL SUMMIT

Dene man makes career out of tricking people

By John Zapantis Windspeaker Contributor

EDMONTON

Keeping an air of mystery shared by performers in his line of work around the world, Napoleon Rivetti doesn't reveal his trade secrets or his real name.

Rivetti is a magician, a professional in the art of illusion. He has a mixed Aboriginal background. His father is Dene from the Northwest Territories and his mother is Irish.

Rivetti was born in Edmonton and is proving that the hand is faster than the eye to audiences in and around the Edmonton area for more than 17 years.

From the age of nine, Rivetti felt the call of the art of magic and illusion. Attending a magic show at the provincial museum, he was spellbound by the tricks. His particular favorite is the "head-box illusion." In this illusion, a person is lying flat on a table with his head, arms and legs visible from inside separate boxes. Then the head box is covered and removed, while the rest of the body stays in full view.

Amazed by the spectacular illusion, Napoleon realized he wanted to be a magician.

the world of magic was Edmon- formances on the corner of Jas- wonder and amazement. ton's Fred Willard, the owner of per Ave. and 101 St. In 1981, he Willard's House of Magic. Willard, who has practiced the trade for 50 years and performed with the touring illusionist group Ring 62, boosted Rivetti's knowl-

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October 1998

Rivetti incorporates some of his culture, like an eagle feather, into performances.

edge of the craft.

"I went to Willard's House of Magic in 1976 and got involved. Since then my world of magic has opened many doors," said Rivetti.

Rivetti took his magic to the His first teacher and mentor in streets - literally, with daily per- over the years in the school of

treated thousands of spectators. Rivetti now has a traveling show and is available for private bookings.

Rivetti, a Grade 9 drop out, has educated himself and been a teacher to thousands of people October 1998

Inuit

By Rob McKinley Windspeaker Staff

NAIN,

As many as 900 p thought of themselv may now be wonde their Aboriginal ar gone.

Since 1992, the **Inuit Association** slimming its 5,000 r bership list to suit bility criteria deter ing land claim d with the provinc foundland and th government.

With a decision n association's boar tors, letters were se of it's members, them that their me had been revoked.

Lisa White, a mother of three no Edmonton and go University of Alber those members.

The letter to Wh that under the "Co a Community" sec membership criter no longer a mem Labrador Inuit A Since she is no lon ber, her uninsured efits from Health C her post-secondary funding from Ind had also been revo

She wonders if

Oct. 17 - 19, 1998 Calgary, AB (403) 258-1775 see ad page 9

EFFECTIVE STRATEGIES: A FORUM - COMMUNITY SCHOOLS/ COMMUNITY EDUCATION Oct. 19 - 20, 1998 Winnipeg, MB (204) 896-3449 see ad page 36

GATHERING FOR ABORIGINAL HEALTH CONFERENCE Oct. 19 - 21, 1998 Calgary, AB (403) 531-8080

EFFECTIVE STRATEGIES NATIONAL NATIVE EDUCATION CONFERENCE Oct. 21 - 23, 1998 Winnipeg, MB (204) 896-3449 see ad page 36

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2ND ANNUAL MEN & WOMEN WELLNESS CONFERENCE Oct. 25 - 29, 1998 The Pas, MB (204) 623-4226 see ad page 26

BC ABORIGINAL NETWORK ON DISABILITY SOCIETY CONFERENCE Oct. 26 - 28, 1998 Victoria, BC 1-888-815-5511

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was proclaimed as Edmonton's to see the look of astonishment first, publicly recognized street on people's faces," he said. "I performer. Four years later, he truly believe that my gift is was the house magician at West magic, and magic to me is like the Edmonton Mall, where he fourth of July."

"I do it for the fulfillment and

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WINDSPEAKER

NEWS

By Rob McKinley Windspeaker Staff Writer

October 1998

NAIN, Labrador

As many as 900 people who thought of themselves as Inuit may now be wondering where their Aboriginal ancestry has gone.

Since 1992, the Labrador Inuit Association has been slimming its 5,000 name membership list to suit new eligibility criteria determined during land claim discussions with the province of Newfoundland and the federal government.

association's board of directors, letters were sent to some of it's members, informing them that their memberships had been revoked.

Lisa White, a married mother of three now living in Edmonton and going to the she used to be an Inuit mem-University of Alberta, is one of ber, eligible for uninsured those members.

The letter to White told her that under the "Connection to a Community" section of the membership criteria, she was no longer a member of the Labrador Inuit Association. Since she is no longer a member, her uninsured health benefits from Health Canada and her post-secondary education funding from Indian Affairs had also been revoked.

ria, a membership can be revoked if a person has no direct Inuit blood and if they or their parents were not born in the Labrador land claim area. If there is Inuit blood, it has to be at least one-quarter in order to maintain membership.

White is sure she has onequarter Inuit blood. Her father's mother was 100 per cent Inuit.

To prove that, however, White must appeal to the Labrador Inuit Association — a process she fears could take several years.

Much like the Aboriginal With a decision made by the women who had to meticulously show blood line ancestry when applying for Bill C-31 status since 1985, White can no longer just say she is Inuit — which she has believed herself to be since birth.

> She can't understand how health benefits from Health Canada and education funding through Indian Affairs, and now has to prove that she is still Inuit. While the funding and health care was nice to have, White said she can do without it. She is more concerned about her loss of Inuit ancestry.

"I still consider myself to be Inuit," she said. "I don't agree with it at all. They can't take

According to the new crite- way to get her status back. She didn't want her name used membership. has turned to Indian Affairs, but was told the department can't help.

Unlike Treaty Indians who are registered directly with Indian Affairs, Inuit people do not have such a registry. Indian Affairs relies on numbers sent to them by the Inuit association.

Indian Affairs spokesperson Lynn Boyer told Windspeaker that the Labrador Inuit Association is in charge of its own membership. Despite the fiduciary responsibility of Canada to all Aboriginal people, including the Inuit, the federal government has left it up to the association to tell them who is and who is not Inuit.

Boyer said there is no act to legislate matters regarding the Inuit. There is only the Indian Act. For the Inuit of Labrador, that responsibility lies with the Labrador Inuit Associa-

tion. "The position of the federal government is that it is their right to define who their membership is," said Boyer. "We go on the information they provide."

And according to that information, there were 834 people in the middle of September who were no longer recognized by Indian Affairs, Health Canada or the Labrador Inuit Association as Inuit.

said the association was reducing its membership to only the purest forms of Inuit people before the Labrador land claim settlement is made.

"We settle the land claim, we don't want anyone there that shouldn't be there," she said. "We want to clear up our moved from the band list membership."

Joe Dicker, the former vicepresident of the Labrador Inuit Association and the man whose signature is at the bottom of many of the revoked membership letters, said that when the association began in 1973, the membership application process was very lax.

"In the beginning, when the direction was on to recruit, the eligibility of enrolments wasn't very clearly defined," he said. "There were a lot of members who got in."

It wasn't until the late 1980s and the early 1990s that the association, along with the province of Newfoundland and the federal government, began to look at the criteria as part of land claim negotiations.

the new criteria were announced, voted on and accepted by majority. Dicker said those people who were living away from the community were able to send a vote by proxy.

At that point, the associa- receive notice that they will be An employee with the Lab-She wonders if that means the blood out of my veins." Now she is looking for a rador Inuit Association who tion began to streamline its removed.

Dickers said the process has been fair and, while there were a few complaints at the beginning, the majority of the people in the dozen communities served by the association have accepted it.

Page 9

Dickers said the people rehaven't necessarily lost their Inuit ancestry, just their association membership.

For Lisa White, there is no difference between the two. She is baffled.

"I don't know what I am," she said. "It's like we suited their policy once, but now we are no longer up to par."

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All that is left for White is to take legal action. According to Indian Affairs, the Labrador Inuit Association can determine its own membership as people not supposed to be long as they don't contravene the Charter of Rights and Freedoms.

White is going to see if she can challenge the association and also the federal government for giving up on her. She wants to tackle the decision to dump her from the member-At an open meeting in 1990, ship list as a human rights violation.

> "I'm not going to let them get away with that," she said. According to the Labrador Inuit Association, there are still more people on the current membership list who will

er and amazement. o it for the fulfillment and the look of astonishment ople's faces," he said. "I believe that my gift is and magic to me is like the of July."

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8:30 - 9:30 am	Grand Entry/Call to Order Opening Prayer	9:00 am	Opening Prayer
Plenary Session I		9:15 - 11:30 am	Panel Presentation
9:30 - 10:00 am	Keynote Address		Free Trade & First Nations: Free Trade
	Premier Ralph Klein		Zones, Taxation & Constitutional Rights,
10:00 - 11:45 am	Panel Presentation: NAFTA - First Nations		Border Access
	Perspective	11:30 - 12:00 pm	Break
11:45 - 12:15 pm	Break	12:00 - 1:30 pm	Luncheon
12:15 - 1:30 pm	Luncheon - Keynote Speakers	1:30 - 3:30 pm	Panel Presentation
1:30 - 3:30 pm	Panel Presentations	3:00 pm	Trade Show Closes
3:30 pm	Break	3:00 - 3:30 pm	Break
4:00 - 5:30 pm	Mr. Brian Malroney, Former Prime Minister of Canada.	3:30 - 4:45 pm	The Future of Tribal Trade
4.00 0.00 pm	"First Nations - The Governments and NAFTA."		Establishment of First Nation Trade Policy
	Mr. Phil Fontaine*, Grand Chief AFN.		Panel Presentation
6:30 pm	Reception - Banquet Hall	4:45 - 5:30 pm	Closing Ceremony
7:00 pm	Keynote Address - "Historical Trade"		
1.00 pm	Banquet - Mr. D. Starlight, Mr. W. Wattunee	- unconfirmed	

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DAVID WIWCHAR

Arthur Henry Plint is taken from the prison van into the Nanaimo, B.C. courthouse for his testimomy in the Alberni Indian Residential School liability trial.

Plint testifies

(Continued from page 4.)

5

DUR HEALTH

"I felt like a little kid in there," said plaintiff Melvin Good. "Seeing him made me feel scared and ashamed. When he looked across the courtroom at me I couldn't help but feel like that little kid again; immediately looking

for someplace to run and hide from him."

Others echoed this sentiment throughout the day, saying that facing their abuser had sent them back into their childhood, bringing back the painful emotions that they experienced while at AIRS.

UR

HOUSE

NEWS Clark calls fishery inquiry

By Malcolm McColl Windspeaker Contributor

CAMPBELL RIVER, B.C.

WINDSPEAKER

Premier Glen Clark, responding to growing protests from the commercial fishermen on Vancouver Island, arrived in Campbell River, B.C. on Aug. 27 to diffuse the threat of shipping blockades.

Campbell River First Nation Chief John Henderson and Lornie. Later that day, the three called a press conference that was attended by hundreds of fishermen and their families.

At the press conference, Clark accused the federal government of ignoring the concerns of West Coast fishermen.

"I am deeply disappointed with [Department of Fisheries and Oceans Minister David] Anderson," Clark said. "The ferry blockade in Alaska had the same cause. There is a wealth of intimate knowledge being ignored here. Anderson's absence the Elders of our nations," causes deep concerns."

Clark found a receptive audience for his next announcement. "A full inquiry into the Fraser more. The Elders said another

River fishery crisis is being launched and the loss of millions

of fish will be investigated," he said. "What has happened using DFO conservation methods amounts to incompetence. They know test fisheries were high. The federal department made grievous errors in calculations."

Clark promised to conduct the inquiry within five weeks and appointed Brian Peckford, the The premier met with former premier of Newfoundland, to head the investigation.

The premier arrived in time to Campbell River Mayor Jim end local threats of a shipping blockade in the inside passage. He pledged to, "put food on the table, put people back to work and put hope in people's future."

"It's a situation where the writing has been on the wall for three or four years," Henderson said. "There is a large abundance of fish. The Adams River [summer] run has come through the Georgia Straight in its 20-year cycle." But the Adams River run was entirely closed to the fishermen of the inside passage.

"This cycle is well known to Henderson said. "The run in 1958 was big and the fish were big. The run in 1978 was big once

historic run would occur in 1998."

October 1998

Sure enough, the Adams run was large and the fish were 20 to 40 per cent larger than usual. They were coming back, 10, 11, and 12 lb. sockeye salmon," he said, adding that the normal sockeye run contains fish averaging six lb.

Henderson said the Elders know plenty about the fish because their people have observed them since ancient times. He was angry that federal officials ignored the Elders' advice.

"Our ancestors tell us this and no one is listening," he said.

He brandished the DFO reports that were delivered to his office.

"Look at the DFO's numbers. Escapement levels at Mission were 5.9 million sockeye, measured late in July," he said. "They have never had that many fish before. The run size they expected was exceeded by 156 per cent."

Helplessly watching such an opportunity swim past them to be taken by Americans in the Straight of Juan de Fuca, or not taken at all, was too much for the local fishermen to stand, said Henderson.



October 1998

It los

Several nights ago, at the home of a coup ciates, throwing back and discussing a pote ness project we were ested in. It was one of cepts that, if pulled of could be quite fun a make history. But de rectly, well, let's just s blow up in our hand us a lot of embarrass no doubt, a lot of mor also made the startlin ery that the more bee drinks, the rosier and timistic things appea if we were the first t that.

So, basically, m wanted to know if I' ested in writing a Na cal with them! You k singing Indians, bi tions, and a dance beat all hell! I had rows and rows of da riginals, probably sca

We m

By Richard Wagam Windspeaker Colum

Now that the bar down in Micmac te the inevitable predic Oka-like eruption of Coast dismantled wi of us can breathe a l Another summer h and the apparent se rest in Indian Coun

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October 1998

WINDSPEAKER COMMENTARY

Page 11

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enough, the Adams run rge and the fish were 20 to cent larger than usual. were coming back, 10, 11, 2 lb. sockeye salmon," he adding that the normal e run contains fish averaglb.

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plessly watching such an tunity swim past them to en by Americans in the ht of Juan de Fuca, or not at all, was too much for the fishermen to stand, said erson.



It loses something in the translation

Several nights ago, I was over at the home of a couple of associates, throwing back a few beer and discussing a potential business project we were all interested in. It was one of those concepts that, if pulled off properly, could be quite fun and maybe make history. But done incorrectly, well, let's just say it could blow up in our hands, causing us a lot of embarrassment and, no doubt, a lot of money. But we also made the startling discovery that the more beer a person drinks, the rosier and more optimistic things appear. I doubt if we were the first to discover that.

So, basically, my friends wanted to know if I'd be interested in writing a Native musical with them! You know, with singing Indians, broad emotions, and a dance number to beat all hell! I had visions of rows and rows of dancing Aboriginals, probably scantily clad,



kicking their feet in rhythm as they danced to the beat of the traditional orchestra. The kind of show that would have feathers and fluff flying for sure. Now the ironic thing is, I don't know if that image excites or scares me!

Now, other than the fact that I don't write or read music, I don't even own a stereo for that matter, I thought this could be fun. It wasn't long before all the little wheels in my head began turning. After several decades and centuries of cultural appro-

priation, I was in a position to turn the proverbial tables on the appropriators.

I immediately started thinking of potentially viable Native interpretations of very successful and popular musicals already in existence, ones I could raid — I mean liberate — and give a good and cultured home on some far off reserve.

For instance, a few of my favorites would include: Phantom of the bingo hall, the

charming story of a demented and disfigured bingo caller.

Showcanoe, a period piece Cry For Me, Manitoba." about when Native people canoed across the Great Lakes in search of great blueberries.

Jesus Christ Superchief, Jesus Christ arrives on an Ontario reserve only to find that people fight there more than in the inhabitants. Middle East.

Ever Crazy For You, a Vegas musical with scantily clad girls (I told you), done Aboriginalstyle, taking place at Casino Rama. The reason the girls are scantily clad — they lost their shirts.

Oka-Lahoma, (where the wind goes whistling through the Pines), fun, laughter and romance with the S.Q. at the barricades.

West Bay Story, the riveting story of love amidst opposing clans fighting it out on Manitoulin Island.

Elijah, the political musical biography of a powerful man, featuring the hit song, "Don't to clean up after buffalo.

Skirmish Line, picture a chorus line of warriors at Oka, all in fatigues, kicking up a fuss.

Miss Sagamok, where a giant canoe floats down from the ceiling to the floor to save all the

Other potential Aboriginal adaptations include Joseph and the Amazing Technicolor Ribbon Shirt, Mii-Da (an Ojibway word meaning animal fat or "grease"), H.M.S. Chichiman. I know the possibilities are endless but. . : I don't know, they all sound kind of hokey. But essentially, most musicals are.

Of course I could try adapting something from another medium for the musical stage. How about Dances with Wolves as a musical? Then again, I doubt all the buffalo would fit on stage for the stampede. Besides, I don't think the stagehands have it in their contracts

111

11



By Richard Wagamese Windspeaker Columnist

Now that the barricades are down in Micmac territory and the inevitable predictions of an Oka-like eruption on the East Coast dismantled with them, all of us can breathe a little easier. Another summer has passed and the apparent season of un- der, will the next eruption flare? question remaining from this step up to protect Aboriginal in- progress. rest in Indian Country is over. Who will be next to challenge the summer is this: What manner of terests and what weapons will

As we move into the autumn season we can be grateful that no one died in the Micmac dispute over logging rights and none of our people had to endure the indignity of imprisonment.

Still, the echoes of hostility, mistrust and suspicion linger over the land. Where, we won-

might of the white over rights we have paid dearly for the opportunity to exercise?

For me, after watching images of masked and camouflaged warriors confronting authority in Restigouche, and hearing Mohawk warriors state their preparedness to support

warrior will emerge to fight the next fight? Because there will definitely be another battle somewhere, another scrape in which the inherent rights of our people are trampled by the assumed rights of capitalists, tunnel-visioned politicos, narrowminded opportunists or all of the Micmacs, the most pertinent the above. Who, I wonder, will technology and a sin called

they bear?

According to numerous prophecies across our nations, we live in the days of great change. Mother Earth is groaning from the vtremendous wounds inflicted on her and all of nature is in the process of rebelling against the onslaught of

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(see Warriors page 17.)





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WINDSPEAKER NEWS

October 1998

October 1998

Northern clean-up continues, but toxic risk still present

By Rob McKinley Windspeaker Staff Writer

Page 12

CAMBRIDGE BAY, N.W.T.

Potentially dangerous chemicals and pollutants, including polychlorinated biphenyls, PCBs, are being cleaned up from de-commissioned military sites across Canada's eastern Arctic.

The Department of National and Nunavut Defence Tunngavik Incorporated — the corporation that implements land claim settlements in the region on behalf of the Inuit have reached an agreement on the environmental provisions for the clean-up of 15 Distant Early Warning (DEW) Line radar sites within the Nunavut area.

Rob Martel, the clean-up project manager from the defence department, said the sites were radar installations which served as a first alert of any aggressive military action coming into North America over the pole. The Cold War era stations were decommissioned in the 1990s after more than 30 years in operation.

Martel said each site contained a barracks for up to 50 people, a radar dome with electrical rooms, maintenance shops, garages, fuel dumps, sewage lagoons, an airstrip and years of discarded materials dumped into landfill sites.

Some of those materials, like

rels, could pose a hazard to the soil, water, wildlife and, eventually, the human population of the area if they seeped out of the landfill sites.

"There are environmental concerns and that's why we are cleaning them up," said Martel.

The agreement, signed on Sept. 1, outlines how the sites will be cleaned and addresses the environmental issues of demolition, landfill repair, burial, the removal of hazardous materials, and monitoring of the cleaned up sites. Further negotiations are continuing between the two parties to determine economic provisions for the Inuit working on the project.

Tony Downs, director general for the environment with the defence department, said the Nunavut agreement will see the last 15 sites of the 21 under defence department control taken care of. In early 1996, a similar agreement was reached in the Inuvialuit region to clean up six sites.

When asked if the north had been used as a dumping ground for toxins and pollutants, Downs said "no." He said that, although it is remote and desolate in many areas, there are always people watching.

"You are just not going to get away with that sort of thing," he said

heavy metals, corrosives from defence department toward envi- sites. That research pin-pointed

DEBORA LOCKYER

With a new agreement with the defence department, 15 DEW Line sites, like the one pictured in the background, will be cleaned up over the next 10 years.

any government department. In the case of the DEW Line clean up, he said, requirements included consultation with numerous community members and environmental groups.

"You don't do anything without consultation in the North," he said.

Since 1989, \$12 million of re-He said standards within the search has been compiled on the

was a concern. Those sites were cleaned up immediately.

"If they were left there for the long term, [pollutants] would get into the food chain," he said.

Allan Maghagak, spokesman for the Nunavut Tunngavik Incorporated said many people in the north believe toxins may already have entered the food chain. He said their own testing leads to those conclusions.

that part of the clean-up agreement includes the monitoring of the sites for an extended period of time after they have been cleaned up.

After all, he said, demolishing buildings, fixing some landfill sites and burying others may not be a long term solution. Toxins could still leak out and enter streams and rivers and get into the food chain.

Clean-

(Continued from page 12. "Just because you bu doesn't mean that is w going to end," he said.

Maghagak hopes fut ronmental studies to tra fectiveness of the clean u done by trained Inuit p

The agreement guara 80 per cent of the labo provided by Inuit and 6 of the companies contra be Inuit.

Pleased with the ag which could cost betw million and \$300 million plement, Maghagak sa tential for specialized t a very important off-sh

"The training comp very important," he s

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Maghagak said he is happy

(see Clean-up page 13.)



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October 1998

WINDSPEAKER NEWS

present



es, like the one pictured

irt of the clean-up agreencludes the monitoring of es for an extended period e after they have been

all, he said, demolishing ngs, fixing some landfill d burying others may not ng term solution. Toxins still leak out and enter and rivers and get into the

Clean-up could take up to 10 years to complete

(Continued from page 12.) "Just because you bury it, that doesn't mean that is where it's going to end," he said.

Maghagak hopes future environmental studies to trace the effectiveness of the clean up will be done by trained Inuit people.

The agreement guarantees that 80 per cent of the labor will be provided by Inuit and 60 per cent of the companies contracted will be Inuit.

Pleased with the agreement, which could cost between \$150 million and \$300 million to implement, Maghagak said the potential for specialized training is a very important off-shoot.

"The training component is very important," he said. "We

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don't have environmental scien-Maghagak said the heavy equipment operation and labor jobs will be welcomed, but it is the long-term possibilities for specialized training that will make a difference in the future.

studying rock sediments, wildlife and the waters of the north in the years to come.

More local environmentalists are just what Pam Miller would like to see. As the founder of Alaska Community Action on Toxics, she has been fighting for the clean up of the north for years. She credits Canada for taking steps to clean up its environmental messes.

Greenpeace for a number of years before starting up the toxic-watch association, said Alaska is home to more than 650 military sites, including bases, airstrips and 30 of its own DEW Line sites.

The big difference is that the U.S. sites have not been cleaned up, and it seems they won't be anytime soon.

"The U.S. government, in contrast with Canada, has been completely remiss in not doing the studies and the research," she said, adding that the same toxic waste, including PCBs, is present at the Alaskan sites. "In the Alaskan Arctic, we don't have as much of a handle on it."

That concern should be shared

Miller, who was involved with by Canadian residents as well. Contaminants from the United States could easily make their way to Canadian Arctic communities, she said, since some of the American sites are within 100 km of the Canadian border.

> "Canadian and Alaskan people share the same migratory animals for survival and I think [contamination] is very possible," she said.

An international environmental conference held in Alaska this month will draw members of the scientific and environmental communities, as well as leaders from the north. That meeting is the first step toward documenting and researching the dangers of dumping in the north, she said.

The bottom line is that the peo-

ple of the north need to monitor and evaluate the situation themselves, instead of relying on governments.

"We need to begin to address how people can take control of these studies, so they are not waiting for the white coats to show up and do the work."

Indian Affairs has responsibility for 21 DEWLine sites in the Canadian Arctic, three of which have been cleaned up because they posed some environmental threat, and like the defense department sites, there are plans to have the remainder of these sites cleaned up within 10 years. None of the remaining sites is believed to be an environmental danger.



tists within the Inuit community."

He hopes to see Inuit scientists



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WINDSPEAKER CHIAPAS

Film evokes images close to home

By Jackie Bissley Windspeaker Contributor

Page 14

LA RAELIDAD, Mexico

In the opening shot of A Place Called Chiapas, there's an eerie sense of déjà vu — juxtaposing images of Wounded Knee and Oka flood the mind. Under the cloak of darkness, army tanks roll down the dirt roads of Mexico's most impoverished and remote state with the ominous presence of an impending military invasion.

As Canada and its free-trade partners, the United States and Mexico, ushered in the new year on Jan. 1, 1994 with celebrations and promises of bringing Mexico into the modern industrial world, the Zapatista National Liberation Army (EZLN), an armed Indigenous army, descended from the mountains of Chiapas and seized five towns and 500 ranches in the surrounding area.



The struggle of the people of Chiapas is closely paralleled with the struggles of Aboriginal people in Canada.

the EZLN's communiqués sent of Zapatista territory. Using the

via the Internet, Vancouver- En Cuentro gathering in 1996 based film-maker Nettie Wild for the setting of the film, Wild Intrigued and captivated by traveled 3,000 miles to the heart and her Mexican/Canadian violence and death.

crew, confronted the myriad complexities that permeate Mexican politics and blur the reality of the Chiapas crisis.

En Cuentro was a gathering organized by the Zapatistas to draw international attention to the movement. Held in the village of La Realidad (Reality), it succeeded at attracting more than 2,500 international visitors, mainly journalists and activists, who spent five days debating, philosophically, the road to democracy. But outside of the media's limelight, and hidden from the camera lens of mainstream photojournalists, Wild went to the victims caught in a deadly crossfire — refugees from a covert war. Border towns to the north of Chiapas have been targeted by paramilitary groups like the Paz y Justicia (Peace and Justice) that, protected and supplied with arms by the Mexican government, systematically terrorize local pro-Zapatista campesinos with intimidation,

Mexico is home to the largest Indigenous population in the Western hemisphere, and the issues and concerns that dominate the Zapatista movement are familiar to Indigenous people, north and south of Chiapas, who struggle with the legacy of colonization. For viewers who have little, if any, knowledge of the Indigenous uprising in Mexico and its' aftermath, A Place Called Chiapas opens a much needed door to a world that is connected to Canadian audiences in more ways than one.

The most chilling moment of the film may be the closing frame where, without the background of exotic jungles and the penetrating eyes of soldiers in balaclavas, the audience reads in silence that on Dec. 22, 1997, paramilitary groups massacred pro-EZLN supporters, 10 men, 21 women (four of whom were pregnant) and 14 children. This is the reality of A Place Called Chiapas.

Film-maker Nettie Wild talks about Chiapas

By Jackie Bissley Windspeaker Contributor

VANCOUVER

ously done research before cause we met people who re- slugging their way through where you'd

ground.

see at first is not the way it is Marcos, shared that. It was nity, because and we nosed our way into it also very sincere: people they'll take Jackie Bissley: You had obvi- more and more, mostly be- weren't in Cancun, they were you some-

people are facing on the together, there was humor everywhere and the low characters Almost invariably, what you Zapatistas, and especially in the commu-

I like to fol-



October 1998

ND

were not expecting?

Nettie Wild: Well, the big story, it's the same story. thing was that we went down bled upon another.

army and the Zapatistas?

NW: Yeah. That's what interrising, the peculiar chemistry between non-Native and Native people.

Zapatistas Subcomandante] Marcos told me at one point that he thought the Zapatistas wouldn't exist if it were just one or the other, that it was the alchemy of the two. And that was really neat because that allowed me a way in. There was a place for me. But it also tossed the ball back that have been happening, the to me by saying, "The harassment, it's in those bor-Zapatistas is about you as der communities. That's much as it is about Indigenous where the paramilitary groups people, and what are you go- are carrying out the governing to do about it?"

But when we went down there and started filming, the ernment that's starting to Zapatistas, in the official peace crumble. It's about terror and talks which was in the middle of an official cease fire in what I call the official war, lo and And, there are contradictions behold what happened was we stumbled upon an ongoing war. One that no one was owning up to and a whole lot of people were disappearing, houses were being burned and refugees were being created.

At first I didn't want to go near it because it was so complicated and these foreign eyes and this foreign brain was that in a certain sense, you having trouble just trying to sort out the official war. At issue, but I believe that when you're getting embroiled in

was the thing that caught you impossible to ignore their stomost off guard, the thing you ries. Then we realized, not only is this another important

It's the very real government to cover one war and stum- reaction to the Zapatistas and making damn sure that the *B*: You mean to cover the Zapatistas remain encircled. war between the Mexican And if you are a villager living outside of that circle and you start to sympathize with ested me, the Indigenous up- - the Zapatistas thinking — 'Hey these are good ideas, schooling kids in their own language, having enough food to eat, having my child live past five years old

JB: In other words, people organizing.

NW: Yeah, once you start getting on board, then the "Zapatismo" is spreading out of the territory. If you really look at the political activities ment's agenda.

Ultimately, it's about a govfear and those people having the guts to stand up to that. within that. The refugees who stand up are abandoned, certainly by the government over and over again, and even the church, that tries to help but can't get near them, and then the Zapatistas are stuck, because they're not in power. That's always the big dilemma in a revolutionary movement, can't deliver.

JB: What was your feeling first it felt apart from the main about the gathering at En Cuentro?

you went to Chiapas, but what ally touched us and it became the mud in La Realidad. En never find on Cuentro was important because you could see the message getting out, but in one way it wasn't very effective. This was the second gather- other videos ing, and the government was and papers really putting the screws on that have been the Zapatistas and people written that were just getting tired. A weariness sets in as talks drag on and on. But there was a real interesting mix of Indigenous and non-Indigenous people. There was the real concern that once the international guests left, the army would attack.

JB: So how does this film do we storydiffer than your other films beyond the obvious Mexican context of A Place Called Chiapas?

NW: I have never been in a situation where people were so frightened to speak and that was the hardest thing. In the Philippines, [for the documentary A Rustling of Leaves: Inside the Philippine Revolution (1989/90)] we were in more physical danger, in the Blockade [the film which examines logging right for the Gitxsan and Wet'suetan nations in Canada] up north it was my home territory and it was out where do I stand in all ideology." of this, but in Chiapas, no one wanted to talk.

They were either scared, and, in some cases, even on the Zapatista side, there were people I was allowed to interview, but they were so formal, so indoctrinated, that I knew the interviews would be on the cutting room floor. That was the challenge here. In a NW: Mixed. I mean it was hi- militarized society, how do

your own; they'll surprise you. I think there are can give people a more profound grounding in the points of the Zapatista agenda. think my job became, how

Nettie Wild went to Mexico to film one war and tell in a way stumbled into another.

that will capture the essence of over, that there is a cease fire the struggle?

been received?

NW: Well, it's always interesting. For people who are really politically involved, it's just not enough of an articulation of what the Zapatistas are all about.

On the extreme right, it's a puff piece on the Zapatistas. Then someone who's very close to the situation has said that the Zapatistas may feel I've been too critical of them because I asked questions that needed to be asked, and then difficult for me in lots of I've heard that "clearly the ways, because I had to figure film-maker is blinded by her

> The straight press kind of loves it because there is confrontation and debate in the film, so that makes it intriguing and safe for them because they don't feel it's propaganda. The extreme right wing media hasn't slammed us yet, but I'm sure that's coming.

JB: If there is a lesson in your film, what do you think it is? NW: On a concrete level

and that Mexico cares about *JB*: So far, how has the film peace. I think the reality is much different and the film shows that.

JACKIE BISSLE

On a deeper level, I hope it gets people thinking about these people who had to change their world in order to survive it. And saying to [Canada's Foreign Affairs Minister] Mr. Axworthy, human rights should tie to foreign policy. I think in Canada, it's possible to look at the film and hear all the First Nations voices that we hear here, except that in this film they're in Spanish.

When you talk to people in Chiapas about Canada, and that there are Indians here, there's that moment of recognition that is very healthy.

JB: It's all one America. NW: Exactly! I really got that feeling in Mexico that I've never had before. I didn't feel like I was on foreign turf. I know that sounds weird, but I really thought we have a shared history here and we haven't explored it. I haven't

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WINDSPEAKER

NEWS

Urban treaty rights should be a priority

By Philip N. Plessis Windspeaker Contributor

WINNEPEG

"It's not too late to do something about it." That was the message former national chief of the Assembly of First Nations told an audience of about 100 people on Sept. 11 in Winnipeg about urban treaty rights.

"When I first came here [to the city], I couldn't understand why I ceased to be an Indian. I was an urban Indian," Mercredi, now a special adjunct professor at Laurentian University in Sudbury, Ont., told the audience.

"Rights belong to every Indian person. It doesn't matter where you live."

Mercredi said education rights were something not everyone had access to in the cities. Denial of education rights was something that was in violation of the treaties.

"If you believe in that right, we should make the government pay. It would mean an end to the discrimination of our peoples."

Mercredi said Aboriginal people would be the most educated segment of society if the treaties were honored.

"We would be satisfied. We would be the richest people. We that he did not have the chance would have our own universities in Western Canada." Interpretation of the treaties was the main focus at the gathering. In emphatic fashion, Mercredi asked the audience if they had read their treaties. After only a handful of hands were shown he said, "If you don't know your treaty you can't fight the government." He went further by saying that the treaties must be given life by the government. In the past, federal law was stronger



Page 15

Ovide Mercredi.

than the treaties. The current situation was developed by a government that was used to extinguishing treaty rights.

"In less than 100 years we lost our political power. Who gave them that power? These are the people that speak of democracy," said Mercredi.

The former national chief also expressed gratitude to previous leaders, going back far into history.

"They were better than John A. Macdonald, who saw Indians as an obstruction. Our chiefs were smart enough to deal with white society beforehand."

Mercredi expressed his regret to learn treditional Indian knowledge. "Educational institutions are focused on white culture. They can only teach us what they know." Mercredi advised that Indian people come together to protect treaty rights. He quoted former prime minister Brian Mulroney who said 'If you don't use it, you will lose it.' Mercredi added, "and then we will have no one to blame but ourselves."

JACKIE BISSLEY xico to film one war and

that there is a cease fire nat Mexico cares about I think the reality is different and the film s that.

a deeper level, I hope it people thinking about people who had to e their world in order to ve it. And saying to ada's Foreign Affairs ter] Mr. Axworthy, hurights should tie to forolicy. I think in Canada, ssible to look at the film ear all the First Nations s that we hear here, exhat in this film they're in

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TED SHAW

Bishop Gordon Beardy (left) of the Muskrat Dam First Nation, and co-walker Solomon Beardy, of Lac Seul First Nation, get ready to set out from Owen Sound, Ont. on the next leg of the sacred walk.

Sacred Walk for Healing!

Bishop Gordon Beardy, of the Anglican Diocese of Keewatin, is on the road again to raise awareness about children in residential schools. sexual abuse.

The Sacred Walk for Healing was first held in 1996 when the Bishop decided to show solidarity with survivors of abuse. After 20 years of service to the Anglican church, Beardy had heard story after story about the pain and despair resulting from such abuses, much of which was inflicted upon innocent "Walking and talking to peo-

ple about this problem, it was at least something I could do," said Beardy about the walk.

This year the walk began at Lac Seul, north of Sioux Lookout, Ont., on Aug. 3 and will conclude in Ottawa in October.



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WINDSPEAKER ERTAINMENT

October 1998



JACKIE BISSLEY

It was difficult to keep up with Ulali this summer. Pura Fe, Soni and Jennifer were busy performing at various festivals throughout Canada and the United States, including the Vancouver Folk Festival. The women a cappella group recently signed a multi-album deal with Sony Music and are slated to start recording in October with Branford Marsalis as producer. The most exciting buzz around Indian Country is that Miramax Films (the distributor of the film Smoke Signals) is pushing hard for Ulali's song "Wahjeeleh-Yihm" to be nominated for an Oscar next year.



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October 1998

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(Continued from page 11. Soon, we will all h fronted with the real p the universe and our li be stressful and hard.

If you respect those cies, and the teachings beneath them, you com alize that there is a gre for a new kind of wa emerge from our circ cause the prophecies s Indigenous peoples w the way to a new har new balance, and a new stronger relationship w In that light, we need t

> Shell 1998 R

Three generations sit at the drum. (Right to left) Michael Edmunds (Dahnosay) and Derek Edmunds (Tewinin) join 80year-old Randlett Edmunds to sing songs from the Southern Plains. Randlett is a member of the Caddo Nation and came all the way from Oklahoma City to perform at the Vancouver Folk Festival. He appeared with his son and grandson as the singing group Dahnosay. "I'm about the last one who knows all the songs in my tribe. Anyone who wants to learn should do it when they're young. It's like a language, singing. It's easier to sing than it is to say words. I learned mostly on my own from playing around at the dances. My grandma used to take us to them in the summers. Back then, our people lived on their allotment lands. We didn't call them powwows, we called them dances. My grandma would hitch up a team of horses and take us out to someone's land where there was a dance and we'd stay a couple of nights. I didn't sing since back then most of the singers were elderly men. I guess all that time I was playing around, I was listening and that's how l learned."

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Come

na Hudson able David Newman Parisian

Warriors will fight different kind of battle

(Continued from page 11.) fronted with the real power of the universe and our lives will be stressful and hard.

cies, and the teachings that lie beneath them, you come to realize that there is a great need for a new kind of warrior to emerge from our circles, because the prophecies say that Indigenous peoples will lead the way to a new harmony, a new balance, and a newer and stronger relationship with all. In that light, we need to begin

preparing ourselves to fight a itual weapons and the armor-Soon, we will all be con- new kind of fight and become a new kind of warrior. When nature flexes its muscles and creation braces itself for survival at conflict over the trammeling of If you respect those prophe- all cost, the power of men with our rights that our resistance guns become irrelevant.

All the floods, droughts, famines, altered seasons, and earthquakes point to a fulfilling of the prophecies. No one can shoot a sion. heat wave nor can all the barricading in the world prevent a swollen river from running where it wants to run. The weapons we will need to carry as Aboriginal people are spir-

ies where they are stored are our traditions and teachings. This is not to say that in a needs to be limited to placards, chants and speechmaking, because there is still a need to stand strong against oppres-

But we also need to begin taking responsibility for passing on the intent of those traditions and teachings to those who have not been graced with them. Honoring the gift of

teachings means sharing them, passing them on, spreading their influence like a healing hand across an aching body.

The Elders have spoken about the prophecies and urged all of us to begin training our children to become spiritual warriors. Our greatest gift to the next generation is not an armed victory but a humble triumph.

When we can stand shoulder to shoulder in the face of adversity and not crumble from our traditions and teachings, we have scored that triumph and we can pass on that strength to our young. Resilience lies within us like a latent gene and it is this that arms us for the battles ahead and arms our children.

Page 17

Be grateful no one had to die this summer in our defence, and be grateful that we can enter a new season with the knowledge that our warriors are there for us when needed. But be mindful too, that prophecies are being fulfilled around us every day and the new warriors looking up at us with the eyes of innocence need us to teach them how to fight.

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OF LIV

Buffy Sainte-Marie rose.

By Allison Kydd Windspeaker Contributor

COQUITLAM, B.C.

When George Mander and his wife, Ingrid, heard Buffy Sainte-Marie in concert they decided then and there to name George's next rose after her.

Not only did they enjoy Sainte-Marie's singing, but also her sense of humor and her outspoken commentary on current events. They were impressed because she composes her own music and writes her own lyrics.

Up until that point they hadn't known much about her. However, after the concert in April 1996, they became experts on her many educational and humanitarian achievements. Sainte-Marie's Order of Canada is the second highest award that floribunda, but has strains of Cradleboard Teaching Project The mature plant will produce aims to create awareness of con- blooms three or four inches in temporary Native cultures and tives and non-Natives. Ingrid blooms, if pinched.

Marie's achievements are publicized in the mainstream media. When the concert was over, the Manders went back stage to meet the star and were surprised by how approachable she was. Though busy signing CD's and autographs for other fans, Sainte-Marie took the time to talk to them and seemed delighted by the idea of being a rose's namesake. In fact, she would have signed a permission form right there. George, however, sug-

gested they wait six months until he could see whether he had a new rose which would be worthy of the honor.

wonders why so little of Sainte-

George, a retired machine fitter, has been cross-breeding hybrid roses (hybridizing) for 29 years. He specializes in floribundas and miniature roses. The Buffy Sainte-Marie rose is a can be given in Canada and her miniature parentage as well. diameter, either in sprays (sevto build bridges between Na- eral blooms per stem) or single

The rose is light red, changing to salmon, then to pink, with golden yellow highlights on the reverse and at the base of the petals.

to Buffy

Tributte

DSPEAKER

husband's dedication to the hybridizing process. She points out that George has introduced a half dozen new varieties to the hybrid rose market in the past 12 years. Considering he germinates his seeds under growlights in their basement and that it takes at least six years - often closer than 10 - to properly develop, test and register a new rose, this seems a considerable achievement.

The Buffy Sainte-Marie rose comes from a batch of 14,000 seeds (1,500 rose hips) which were produced when George cross-pollinated two hybrid roses in June 1994. In fall of the same year, he harvested his stored them in a cool location until February 1995. Usually only 10 to 25 per cent of the seeds germinate, said George. But in this case, 4,750 seeds ger-

minated. Of those, he pruned out all but the best 100. Typically, his rose seedlings first. bloom within about 10 weeks of germination. At that time they Ingrid is impressed by her _ are only six to 10 inches tall.

> Still the process is far from finished.

> "At the end of the growing season [of the third year], another 50 to 70 per cent may have to be eliminated because of poor growth and health," said George. Or "blooms that do not stand up to wet weather or hot sun, or do not open at all because of too many petals." Often only two to five seedlings are worth keeping, he said. However, from this crop, about a dozen survived the elimination process.

By the autumn after the Manders met Sainte-Marie, they were certain George had a good rose, so Ingrid contacted Saintebumper crop of seeds and Marie and got the permission papers signed. They also promised to send the singer two sample bushes, one to be planted in her mother's garden and one at Sainte-Marie's home in Hawaii.

Buffy Sainte-Marie.

At the same time, George was ready to offer the rose for registration by the official International Authority for Roses. That meant having it tested by nurseries across the world. Last year, George sent cuttings of his rose to Ontario, Oregon and Bulgaria. This year it is being tested in England and California, as well.

Not only has the Buffy Sainte-Marie rose been commended wherever it has been tested and registered with the American Rose Society, which serves as the International Registration Authority for Roses, it also won the award for Best Floribunda Bloom at the Annual Seattle Rose Show held last June 13. It is being grown at several nurseries in Canada and should be available commercially by the spring of year 2000, here, as well as in England and the United States.

By that time, the Buffy Sainte-

Marie Rose Bed - 20 plants make a bed - in the Centennial Rose Garden on Burnaby Mountain near Simon Fraser University, should be ready for viewing.

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Sainte-Marie.

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October 1998

WINDSPEAKER EDUCATION

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Shop around for best journalism school

By Paul Barnsley Windspeaker Staff Writer

EDMONTON

The president and general manager of a private Winnipegbased vocational school has a plan that may open up the door to success in the media world for many young Aboriginal people.

Or it may turn out to be a colossal waste of time and money - eleven months and \$15,000 per student, to be exact.

Robbie Robertson (not the well-known musician) operates Media Arts and Education, The Communications College. He's one of the driving forces behind INN — the Indigenous News Network. He admits, right now at the very beginning of his plan, that there are some bugs to be worked out, but he believes you have to start somewhere.

"This is a bullet version of a journalism course, yes," he said, during a promotional stop in Edmonton in early September. "There are better, longer-term courses out there. But the goal of any journalism course and the most important thing for



PAUL BARNSLEY INN's Robbie Robertson.

at 100 miles per hour."

The entrance requirements for INN are practically non-existent. A salesperson who answered the school's 800 phone line told a Windspeaker staff member who expressed interest in enrolling in the course that an aptitude test contained in the school's promotional package would only be used if there were too many applicants from a given community. It would then be used to decide which applicants would be chosen to represent that community. That any journalism student is to get salesperson also said that as of published, to get on the air. Sept. 18 (10 days prior to the first day of class) only 40 students were committed. He also provided the caller with a list of funding agencies to approach and said the school does not arrange funding. Most educators say a 12-week course without any academic pre-requisites is not going to produce a graduate who is ready for the workplace. "You need basic skills for post-secondary education," Avison said. "If you're not screening out those who don't have those basic skills, you'll end up pushing someone into a position where they're considered trained people but they're not ready to do the job. That can be very hard on the individual." Another important aspect that those who are considering INN must be aware of, educators say, is portability. If you finish near the bottom of the INN class and don't get a full-time job with Robertson's network, you really have nothing to show for your time at the school, because it isn't recognized by other schools or by the industry. At SIFC, for example, courses completed in the communications program are credits towards a degree. And employers have dealt with previous graduates of the school and have an idea what to expect when they see it listed on a resumé. Comparative cost should also be considered, Avison said. For \$15,000 a student could pay for both years' tuition at an accredited college (averaging \$3,500 per year) and have money left for housing, books and other living expenses. Perhaps the most important consideration for the Aboriginal students who have been targeted as possible INN enrollees is the scarcity of post-secondary

Page 19

at time, the Buffy Sainte-Rose Bed - 20 plants make - in the Centennial Rose n on Burnaby Mountain imon Fraser University, be ready for viewing.

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nis first excursion into t is it taken-native fair a species of game e than anything else, funderstanding of the

storyteller. He enjoys ice enjoys hearing it." -Now Magazine out the realities and urt and individuals, -Toronto Star



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If all goes according to plan, by Sept. 28, as many as 120 students will have arrived in Southport (one-half hour south of Winnipeg) to start a 12-week journalism course. At the end of those 12 weeks, the survivors will head out into the world to complete an additional 34-week field placement. Most will return to their home communities and file news reports to newlylicensed Winnipeg radio station CJAE, Arts and Education Radio on 92.9 FM. By placing these freshly-trained correspondents in as many First Nation communities as possible, Robertson hopes his network will grow to become the country's leading voice for grassroots First Nations radio nèws. Robertson wants to market daily Aboriginal news packages to radio stations across the country. For now, he'll start with reports on the lone Winnipeg station.

But, while the idea of finding a way to fast-track Aboriginal hopefuls into jobs in broadcast journalism might seem to be a great idea with exciting possibilities, there are those who say you'd better take a very close look at the course before signing up.

Shannon Avison, director of the Saskatchewan Indian Federated College's school of communications, which offers university-recognized journalism courses available in a two-year program, advises students to do a little comparison shopping when selecting a school.

"INN sounds too good to be true," Avison said. "I'm not trying to shoot it down. I hope it works. But it's a new program funding.



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A Street

WINDSPEAKER

ADVENTURE

Canoe trip proves to be a learning experience

By Paul Sinkewicz Windspeaker Contributor

PRINCE ALBERT, Sask.

A group of teenagers and Elders from Black Lake, Sask. have completed a 10-day canoe trip through the wilderness of northern Saskatchewan that was designed to help them preserve their Dene culture.

The trip was planned by band councillor Freddie Throassie as a response to the threat posed by the new Athabasca seasonal road, which is currently under construction.

According to Dan Robillard, band personnel director, the road is seen by many in his home town, only 100 km from the Northwest Territories and 180 km from the nearest highway to the south, as the possible death knell for the way of life his people know and cherish.

"A lot of things will change the Elders are saying. The drugs and booze will come in. It'll change the people," said Robillard. "Everything will change when the road comes in. There'll be more people, more tourists."

Robillard said his people also fear traplines will be disturbed and outside hunters and fishers will come in when the road is completed, further changing the community.

plebiscite two years ago in the belief that the road would bring more good than bad.

But one thing Robillard and Throassie don't want to give up in the exchange is the culture of the band's youth.

"This younger generation, it's right next door to them but they really haven't learned how to skin [the caribou] or hunt them," Robillard said.

Despite the difficulties of living in the isolated community of 1,500 people, Robillard said life has improved since his days as a young man. Yet the down-side is the children are no longer in contact with the land and know how to survive on it as their forefathers did. Throassie agrees.

"Today's kids have only been taught to watch T.V.," he said.

Throassie's upbringing taught him how to live off the land in harmony with nature, as was the practice of his forefathers.

"Myself, I've been taught to do that," he said. "When I'm in the bush, I have my sense of direction. All the Elders believe that. These kids nowadays don't have that anymore."

To help teach the children of the community about their cultural heritage, 10 canoes were purchased in Prince Albert, Sask. At Points North, a group of 12 boys and eight Elders began a

journey of several hundred Despite the worries, more than kilometres by river, lake and por-

"It was a really good bear. A fat bear. When a bear gives bimself up to you it's a good sign." -Councillor Freddie Throassie

Throassie said only three days supply of food was taken, with the intention that along the way the Elders could teach the youth, aged 15 to 18, about the traditional ways of the Dene people hunting, fishing and skinning to name a few.

The trip proved to be both challenging and exciting right from the start. After spending the first few days learning how to handle the canoes, the flotilla of paddlers came to their first two sets of rapids.

The second set got the better of one of the canoes and the group spent several anxious minutes waiting for one of the boys and one Elder to surface and make it to shore.

There they dried off and set about to use their fishing net to replenish their dwindling food supply.

An Elder showed the boys how to make floats out of willow trees and weights out of stones. The nets were then set for the night. Throassie said it was about midnight when a roaring noise the unmistakable and frightening red glow of a forest fire on the horizon. He said he then saw a rolling ball of fire narrowly avoid the camp by only a few kilometres and be pushed off into another direction by the wind. A watch was kept for several

hours to make sure the fire didn't double back on the camp.

By morning only four fish were netted, and only two were big enough to eat. Throassie cooked the meagre breakfast up for the boys.

It was then that the Creator stepped in, said Throassie.

A two-year old black bear was attracted to the smell of the fish and came to the river bank where the canoes were stored.

"It was a really good bear. A fat bear," he said. "When a bear gives himself up to you it's a good sign."

The bear was shot and the group gave thanks to both the Creator and the spirit of the bear for giving itself up for the group.

The Elders taught the boys how to singe the hide and how to make dried meat from the bear. hand what our ancestors experi-"This bear that we killed enced traveling these routes."

opened everything up for us," Throassie said. "So that supplied us for a couple of days," Throassie said.

By the seventh day the group was ready to hunt again and Throassie took them to an area he knew to be popular with moose.

"Sure enough, there was a moose there. So we shot it and the kids were so happy," Throassie said. "By the time I got there everyone was there and they had the cook pot out."

The Elders showed them how to gut the carcass and prepare the hide with a traditional tool fashioned from a hind leg bone.

"So the kids experienced everything first hand out there."

Throassie now chuckles at the memory of how the boys acted as individuals at the start of the adventure. They had brought their own food and tobacco and would dip into their bags for themselves during the first few days. But he said at the end of the trip everyone was opening their bags to the group and sharing what they had.

Now the band has the canoes, Throassie would like to make the trip an annual event. He said the trip was everything he had hoped it would be for the boys. "Doing something for yourself

makes one feel proud," he said. "These kids, it shows on their faces that they enjoyed themselves. They experienced first



October 1998

NOTICE OF H

FORT MCMURRAY A ALBERTA ENERGY A **APPLICATION NO. 97** SHELL CANADA LIM **MUSKEG RIVER MIN**

Take Notice that the Alberta No. 970588 at the Nomad Ir 16 November 1998, at 9:00 Nature of the Application The proposed mine and extr Regional Municipality of Wo Township 95, Ranges 9 and of approximately 20 182 h development would include Lease 13, to produce approx The proposed development i

 an oil sands mine, an oil sand extraction facil infrastructure, roads, and water and tailings manage an integrated reclamation (In support of its proposal, SI Application No. 970588 to

Muskeg River Mine project (EPEA), Shell has also prep the Director of Environmen

forms part of the application Application No. 001-20809

Muskeg River Mine project · File No. 60330 under the W

drainage and approval of w a net surface diversion of a and 7569 acre-feet annuall

an annual diversion of appl The water management plan and site drainage. The source local surface run-off, and grou

Meridian.

Additional Information To obtain additional informatio Shell Canada Limited 400 - 4 Avenue SW, Calgary, A Attention: Mr. Rob Seeley, teler The application is available for EUB Information Services, Cal Main Floor, 640 - 5 Avenue SW Calgary, Alberta T2P 3G4

EUB Fort McMurray Office

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October 1998

WINDSPEAKER EDUCATION

B Alberta Energy and Utilities Board 640 Fifth Avenue SW Calgary, Alberta T2P 3G4

NOTICE OF HEARING

FORT MCMURRAY AREA **ALBERTA ENERGY AND UTILITIES BOARD APPLICATION NO. 970588** SHELL CANADA LIMITED MUSKEG RIVER MINE

Take Notice that the Alberta Energy and Utilities Board (EUB) will hold a public hearing of Application No. 970588 at the Nomad Inn, 10006 MacDonald Avenue, Fort McMurray, Alberta, on Monday, 16 November 1998, at 9:00 a.m.

Nature of the Application

The proposed mine and extraction plant are contained within lease 7277080T13 (Lease 13), in the Regional Municipality of Wood Buffalo approximately 70 kilometre (km) north of Fort McMurray in Township 95, Ranges 9 and 10, West of the 4th Meridian. The proposed development covers an area of approximately 20 182 hectares, and is referred to as the Muskeg River Mine. The proposed development would include the mining and processing of oil sand from the western portion of Lease 13, to produce approximately 8 700 000 m3 of bitumen product per year The proposed development includes

- an oil sands mine.
- an oil sand extraction facility.
- infrastructure, roads, and utilities associated with the mine and facility,
- water and tailings management plans, and
- an integrated reclamation plan
- In support of its proposal, Shell Canada Limited (Shell) has submitted the following
- Application No. 970588 to the EUB under the Oil Sands Conservation Act to authorize the proposed Muskeg River Mine project. Under section 48 of the Environmental Protection and Enhancement Act (EPEA), Shell has also prepared and submitted an Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) report to the Director of Environmental Assessment, Alberta Environmental Protection (AEP). The EIA report forms part of the application to the EUB.
- · Application No. 001-20809 to AEP under EPEA for construction, operation and reclamation of the Muskeg River Mine project.
- File No. 60330 under the Water Resources Act to authorize water management plans related to site drainage and approval of water management plans requiring
- a net surface diversion of approximately 64 857 acre-feet of water annually from the Athabasca River and 7569 acre-feet annually from site run-off, and

an annual diversion of approximately 3 260 acre-feet from the depressurization of the basal aquifer The water management plan includes the use of water for industrial processing, potable water supply and site drainage. The sources of water that will be affected include the Muskeg River, unnamed creeks, local surface run-off, and groundwater, allocated within Township 95, Ranges 9 and 10, West of the 4th Meridian.

Additional Information

To obtain additional information or a copy of the application or EIA, contact: Shell Canada Limited 400 - 4 Avenue SW, Calgary, Alberta, T2P 2H5 Attention: Mr. Rob Seeley, telephone (403) 691-3392, Fax (403) 691-3099 The application is available for public viewing at the following locations: EUB Information Services, Calgary Office Main Floor, 640 - 5 Avenue SW Calgary, Alberta T2P 3G4

EUB Fort McMurray Office 2nd Floor, Provincial Building 9915 Franklin Avenue, Fort McMurray, Alberta



PAMELA GREEN

Page 21

Twins Patrick and Patricia get a helping hand with their homework from dad Clifford Moyah. Clifford took the Aboriginal Literacy Program at the Lloydminster Friendship Centre and went from a Grade 2 reading level to a Grade 6 reading level.

Father determined to read

By Pamela Green Windspeaker Contributor

LLOYDMINSTER, Sask.

When 15-year-old Clifford Moyah first moved into Lloydminster, Sask., after living most of his life on a reland.

until they started kindergar- Moyah an edge he had never ten.

When the twins brought home a letter from school and a homework assignment from their teacher, Moyah found himself way out of his depth. "I remember that it was scary serve, he found that he was and I didn't know what to do. truly a stranger in a strange My twins brought a letter level empowered him to do home and I couldn't read it. something he had only The teachers wanted me to help my children with their homework, and I didn't want anyone to know that I couldn't read or write." Moyah felt so bad that he cried. After going to an interview Moyah soon adjusted, how- with the teachers at the children's school, Moyah came home with a plan. The teachers had encouraged him to take the literacy course at the Lloydminster Native Friend-At the age of 26, he became ship Centre and become a reader, both for himself and for Moyah enrolled in the 26week literacy course and, although he found it difficult in the beginning, he soon learned to juggle his job as a janitor with his schooling and his life as a single parent. Lessons in reading, writing and arithmatic, tied in with a children who presented no curriculum full of life skills,

real problems for their dad, were beginning to give had before.

> Going to the bank and into stores became much easier and far less intimidating because he was learning to count, add and subtract.

Taking his reading to a Grade 6 level from a Grade 2 dreamed of before - take and pass his beginner's test for a driver's license. Learning new life skills, taking field trips with his classmates and buckling down to a routine of challenging work and discipline, gave his self-esteem a big boost and solidified his desire to carry on and learn as much as he could, said Moyah. Best of all, he can go home after school, take good care of his twins, and help them with their homework after supper. It was during graduation ceremonies of the Aboriginal Literacy Program that Moyah got his biggest surprise. He was presented with two awards, one for best attendance and the other for most improved student in his graduating class.

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AEP Regulatory Approvals Center Main Floor, 9820 - 106 Street, Edmonton, Alberta Any persons having questions regarding EUB procedures, should contact: **Resources** Division, Mine Development Group Attention: Andrea Larson, telephone (403) 297-8161 To Participate in the Hearing Process If you have a bona fide interest and wish to participate in the hearing process, submit a notice of intervention setting out, in a general manner, the nature of your interest and how the application may impact you, by not later-than 1 October 1998. Send one copy of your notice of intervention to the

applicant at the name and address above, and fifteen copies of your notice of intervention to the attention of: Michael J. Bruni, General Counsel

640 Fifth Avenue SW

Calgary, Alberta T2P 3G4

If there are no bona fide interventions received, this hearing may be cancelled and the EUB will continue to process the application without further notice or without hearing.

If you wish to submit a submission at the hearing, please state in writing your reasons for objecting to or supporting the application, by not later than 3 November 1998. Any submissions filed shall contain information detailing:

(I) the desired disposition of the application;

(ii) the facts substantiating the position of the submitter; and

(iii) the reasons why the submitter believes the Board should decide in the manner advocated. Send one copy of your submission to the applicant at the name and address below, and fifteen copies of the submission to the attention of Michael J. Bruni, General Counsel, at the address noted above. Issued at Calgary, Alberta, on 4 September 1998.

Michael J. Bruni, General Counsel

Town life was not only scary and confusing, to be a fluent Cree speaker in an English speaking world, unable to read, write or even ask for directions in English, it was also very intimidating

ever, learning bits and pieces of English, but he still found it very difficult to express himself or communicate in his new language.

a single parent, the proud father of a set of twins. He his twins. sought advise from his family on how to best raise his sone and daughter on his own and made a pledge that his children would grow up equally fluent in both Cree and English.

The twins, Patrick and Patricia, are bright, happy

(see Literacy page 22.)



Eagles and vultures look similar early on. (the vulture is on the left)

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WINDSPEAKER EDUCATION

Literacy program helped dad

(Continued from page 21.) "Learning to read and write makes you feel much better about yourself," said Moyah. "When you think about the way you were before, and what you can do now, you can really see a big change. I hit rock bottom when I couldn't help Patrick and Patricia with their homework last year, and now this year, I can.

"What's also great is that I can even read them a bedtime story now, something I couldn't do before. If you can't read or write, don't be embarrassed or scared. Take a course and you will feel better about yourself, and if you have friends who can't read or write, encourage them to take a literacy course like I did."



PAMELA GREEN Clifford Moyah can now read to his son and daughter and help themwith their homework.

Education scholarships available to families of Aboriginal veterans

By Marie Burke Windspeaker Staff Writer

TORONTO

The National Aboriginal Achievement Foundation has awarded scholarships to the descendants of Aboriginal war veterans. It is the first time that the foundation has awarded A special jury interviewed and selected applicants, giving the human touch to the application process.

> - Ken Williams, director of Public Affairs.

ies and financial need.

Aboriginal veterans and their

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these scholarships.

The scholarships are available to the extended family members of Aboriginal veterans. This includes veterans' children, grandchildren, aunts, uncles and cousins.

More than 100 scholarships were granted to post-secondary Aboriginal students from across Canada for a total of \$254,831. The scholarships were awarded based on academic merit, dedication to the completion of stud-

On the June 15 deadline, the foundation had received more than 400 applications for this, their newest, scholarship trust. A special jury interviewed and selected applicants, giving the human touch to the application process, said Ken Williams, director of Public Affairs for the foundation.

The \$1.5 million grant to the scholarship trust came from the federal government in response to the need for better benefits for

families. It was part of an ongoing situation. The National Aboriginal Veterans' Association wanted to have something for their families, said Williams.

To ensure the original \$1.5 million grant will never run dry, it is the interest generated from the fund that goes to scholarship recipients. This will guarantee the scholarship fund will be available to future generations of Aboriginal veterans' families.

We're investing in ESSENTIAL the future growth of Aboriginal youth ABORIGINAL CN congratulates the winners of its Native Educational Awards Program for the 1998-1999 academic year: **Susanne Beriault** Wendy Cross Bachelor of Science Psychology RESOURCE University of Winnipeg **Concordia University Jennifer Dent Christa Gould Business Administration Computer Information Systems** Georgian College SAIST Palliser Campus **Joseph Sillito** Bachelor of Science Engineering Grant MacEwan Community College Each winner receives a \$1,500 academic scholarship from Canadian National to help cover the cost of their post-secondary education.

Established in 1988, CN's Native Educational Awards program provides scholarships to assist and encourage First Nations students who are studying for a career in transportation. Applicants must be Status Indians, Non-Status Indians, Inuit or Métis enrolled in a Canadian post-secondary educational institution.

For more information about CN's scholarship programs visit our website at http://www.cn.ca



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October 1998

WINDSPEAKER EDUCATION

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12TH NATIONAL CONFERENCE ON CHILD ABUSE AND NEGLECT

Please join us in Cincinnati, Ohio for the

Dreamcatchers conference offers inspiration, support and fun

By Allison Kydd Windspeaker Contributor

EDMONTON

Imagine the smell of smoked leather and sweetgrass, the rhythmic pounding of the drum, the clatter of many eager pairs of Adidas on stairs and along hallways, shiny dark heads bent over supple willow twigs, laughter, excitement and shyness as young people take healthy risks and expand their worlds.

Whether it's a step towards a career they've always dreamed of or a chance to learn the Red River Jig, young people are encouraged at the Dreamcatchers Aboriginal Youth Conference to follow their dreams.

According to Carolyn Chartrand, outreach assistant at Grant MacEwan Community College in Edmonton, this is the sixth year of the conference, held this year from Oct. 14 to 16 at the college's City Centre Campus. Though the majority of delegates come from First Nations communities in western and northern Canada, in previous years, delegates and mentors have also come from much further afield, such as

to youth during the vulnerable and formative adolescent years. This year's conference emphasizes the importance of family ties with the theme "The Heart of Our Nations: The Family."

The dreamcatcher is a powerful symbol. It protects by separating what is loving and nourishing (the good dreams or positive influences) from what is frightening or destructive (the bad dreams). The good knows its way through the web, while the negative influences are trapped and cannot reach the dreamer. Like the dreamcatcher, the conference seeks to channel healthy influences to the young. Many of these influences come in the form of successful adults, from Elders to popular entertainers, sports personalities to teachers, to childcare workers, to game wardens. These role models demonstrate how taking responsibility for our behavior and making choices that broaden our horizons helps make dreams come true.

Facilitators have always emphasized the importance of choosing a healthy lifestyle.

ics coach, teacher, inspirational

gathering that would reach out selves a solid educational foundation. In 1994, a serious accident ended his long-distance running career, but he had the training and the right attitude to transfer his energy into coaching and public speaking.

An innovation at this year's dreamcatcher conference is the career fair which will give participants the opportunity to explore career options.

Another new feature is artists at work. Half a dozen artists will share works in progress, so the delegates can see the tools and materials they use, as well as their methods and special techniques. One of this year's artists will demonstrate birch-biting.

Learning and mind expanding demands some time to relax and have fun as well, so the conference promises to maintain what have become traditional rites for the three-day event: the Friday night dance and the Saturday night minipowwow.

As usual, there are a number of impressive names on both the facilitators and the entertainers lists. Just a few of those names are Asani, a women's a capella In his 1996 workshop, athlet- group, Aboriginal game wardens from Elk Island Park, and from the United States, South speaker and former long-dis- Marcel Pelletier who takes part in a forum entitled "Helping our Youth Reach the Future. The Master of Ceremonies is Bob Maracle of Health Canada. Please phone (403-497-5040 or 403-497-5730), fax (403-497-5150) or write: Grant MacEwan College, 10700 - 104 Avenue, Edmonton, AB T5J 4S2.





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America, England and even New Zealand.

The conference was the brainchild of Aboriginal students enrolled in the Grant MacEwan Child and Youth Care Program. Identifying both the hardships and the advantages of their own childhoods, they imagined a

tance runner, Allan Beaver, told how alcohol was once a problem for him. He chose to give it up and said "Sobriety changed [my] outlook on life."

Beaver also knows first-hand how important it is for those who dream of highly-competitive careers to first build them-

Journalism school offered across country

(Continued from page 19.)

"There is a treaty right to education, but it's a very limited pie," Avison said. "Before you spend \$15,000, look very carefully at what you're getting. If you're lucky enough to get a chunk of money, be very careful how you spend it because you're going to the very bottom of a long list. The second chunk doesn't come as fast as the first, even for people in graduate programs."

Students have to be careful because, with the cost of post-secondary funding, they may not

get another chance, Avison said. A businessman with a new idea, like Robertson, doesn't have as much at stake, she believes.

"They take the risks, knowing full well what they are," she added. "But the students aren't always so discerning and postsecondary education is a major opportunity that they can't afford to risk."

Robertson acknowledged his idea is going to take time to perfect.

"Are any of these reasons for not going ahead?" he asked. "I

believe the thing that pushes a good idea is the thing itself. We've got Tom Jackson as our spokesperson. We've got 37 billboards around Winnipeg introducing our new radio station which goes on the air Oct. 12. We're only going to recover our investment over the long term. Our goal is to establish a nationwide network where Aboriginal people get the last word. That isn't happening now. It's an exciting time and we're going to do the best we possibly can to make it work."





WINDSPEAKER EDUCATION

October 1998

Indigenous Theatre School first of its kind in Canada

By Marie Burke Windspeaker Staff Writer

TORONTO

To be or not to be, Native, that is. It's the question the Centre for Indigenous Theatre will be asking of its students as a requirement to take part in the its newest program, the Indigenous Theatre School, which opened its doors to Native students from across North America on Sept.14.

It is the first year-long program in the centre's 25-year history as a summer theatre camp.

The program is based on Native cultural traditions and combines these tradtions with contemporary theatre techniques, including media training. The centre operates the only Native theatre school in North America that has programming based on Aboriginal culture.

Originally the centre's sights were set on having 12 students in the opening classes, but the talent and brilliance displayed by the 17 students that applied to the program, moved the number up. The school's staff is almost entirely comprised of Native instructors with professional backgrounds in the arts. Michael Greyeyes, choreographer-actor, and Daniel David Moses, playwright, are working with the school. "The idea is to provide high quality Aboriginal performers and artists that can do a whole range of skill, to be leaders in their communities," said Carol Greyeyes, artistic director at the school. The need kept coming up for the school to expand on its summer camps. At the end of the summer, it was sad because the students couldn't go on and continue the learning that takes place in a unique atmosphere, said Greyeyes. Last year, the artistic faculty and the directors felt the time was right to move ahead and set up a program

"Our goal for the students at the end of the year, is openness of mind, to be able to be open to the processes of creation and knowledge in artistic expression."

- Carol Greyeyes, artistic director.

with a purpose.

In Toronto, for eight months, students will have the opportunity to actively participate in performance art that is based on the cultures of various Aboriginal nations. Greyeyes said the strong inclination towards mentoring and professional development at the school will provide a rare learning opportunity. The students will produce and perform in at least three productions this year.

"Our goal for the students at the end of the year, is openness of mind, to be able to be open to the processes of creation and knowledge in artistic expression," said Greyeyes.

future success of the school and its unique Aboriginal base for theatrical arts. It could be a school that is on the competitive edge, comparable with one of Funding for the school has the most prestigious theatre come from the National Aboschools in Canada, the National Theatre School. "Any institution offering a creative force and outlet based on culture is good," said Perry Schniederman, English artistic director at the National Theatre School in Montreal. He wasn't familiar with the new Indigenous Theatre School. The National Theatre School offers an intense classical training program based in western theatre that is three years long. Schniederman admits his school doesn't actively recruit Aboriginal people. In the last seven years there has been one Aboriginal graduate of the program, Alanis King of the Odawa Nation, who graduated in 1992.

She has since gone on to form her own company, Kingfisher Productions.

"I am totally 100 per cent in support of a school like Indigenous theatre," said King. The credibility and authenticity of the school is the primary consideration that the school will need to have, she added.

King once attended the summer theatre camp at the Centre for Indigenous Theatre and she wished they would have called her to be part of their school faculty.

Another goal is for the school to become a post-secondary vocational school and offer a three-year program. Greyeyes is positive about the Plans to proceed with the expansion are being considered, but Greyeyes is moving slowly, because of the limited funding that is available. riginal Achievement Foundation, Laidlaw Foundation, Canada Council, the Ontario Art Council and Toronto Art Council, and Human Resources Development Canada. The school's precarious funding situation may be, in part, because it has yet to be accredited by the Ontario Ministry of Education. Greyeyes said for that to happen the school must make application in May after the first class graduates. The application must provide proof of the program's viability and method of study. After that process, Greyeyes said the school may be able to access more secure funding from the Department of Education.





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Bridge to independence built with courage

By Pamela Green Windspeaker Contributor

LLOYDMINSTER, Sask.

It takes a lot of courage to go back to school when you are an adult. And maybe even more to stick it out, stay on course and see it through to the end.

For the 14 students who completed the 26-week Aboriginal Literacy Program at the Native Friendship Centre in Lloydminster, Sask., graduation ceremonies held on Sept. 4 meant much more than a diploma and celebration of a job well done. The real meaning of the graduation, said Literacy facilitator, Dianne Ryma, lay in the fact that the Aboriginal Literacy Program helped to build the bridge to independence. The Aboriginal Literacy Program, which blends academic upgrading and cultural studies with basic survival skills like banking, job interviews and time management, was also geared to give the students a chance to work in a chosen field within the community. One of the most important things about the Aboriginal Literacy Program was the tremendous amount of support that was received from within the Lloydminster business community, said James McAra, the new executive director at the friendship centre. "With over 14 practicum placements in 15 businesses, our ALP students were able to gain real working skills in a real environment, something that put their new skills into perspective as part of a larger picture." The students ranged in academic abilities from Grade 2 to Grade 11. The program focused on reading, writing and arithmeti, as well as basic life management skills. Additional support and preparation for job applications, resumes and mock interviews were given by program coordinators Roger Chickeness, Correen Klotz, teacher's aid Christine Wilson and facilitator Ryma. The dual reality of being Cree speakers who had to tackle the

"The picture isn't complete without our own Native traditions and

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> The Alliance Pipeline Aboriginal Student Awards provides qualified students with financial assistance to pursue post-secondary education to gain the skills required for employment in the oil and gas industry. The award covers the cost of tuition, books and supplies to a maximum of \$4,000 per academic year. Recipients can receive the award for up to four years, depending on their program of study. Alliance looks forward to the day when some of the award recipients may be employed in its pipeline operations.

The Award program is part of a comprehensive program Alliance has established to identify and provide meaningful economic development opportunities to Aboriginal communities.

Further information on the Awards program is available by contacting:

Coordinator, Aboriginal Student Awards Program **Alliance Pipeline Limited** #400, 605 - 5 Avenue SW, Calgary, AB, T2P 3H5 Telephone 1-800-717-9017 or (403) 266-4464 or by visiting our website at: www.alliance-pipeline.com

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spirituality." - Opal Fraser, Cree instructor

knowledge of English under their belts was addressed, and balanced by a cultural immersion in traditional values and a strong focus on reinforcing the Cree language, explained Cree instructor Opal Fraser.

"The picture isn't complete without our own Native traditions and spirituality," said Frazer. "And that means finding our own identity and language, something that is very beneficial for our students."

The social and cultural picture was also rounded out with trips to personal garden plots, Internet adventures at a local café, and a day trip out to Fort Pitt and Frenchman's Butte to learn about history (the Northwest Rebellion of 1884-85), land claims and treaty rights from an Aboriginal perspective. The students also took the opportunity to visit a statue of Cree leader, Big Bear.

Part of the positive outcome for the program has been job placements for five students, one apprenticeship in auto mechanics and an opportunity for further upgrading for several of the students at Lakeland College.

And on a more personal note for some of the literacy graduates, just knowing they can count their own change at the store, understand and respond to a letter sent home from their children's teachers and, finally, be able to read and pass a driving test, have all been powerful stepping stones on the road to



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Saskatoon hosts successful sports conference

By Terry Lusty Windspeaker Contributor

SASKATOON

The Saskatoon Tribal Council and the Assembly of First Nations joined forces to present Canada's first National Sports, Culture and **Recreation Conference at** from Sept.1 to 3.

Organized by Eugene Arcand and Duke Peltier, the conference drew upon the knowledge and expertise of some of North America's outstanding Aboriginal athletes who spoke about athletic development and achievement and about positive lifestyles through sport.

The conference also, of course, provided an opportunity for those in attendance to rub shoulders with elite athletes.

The impressive array included retired track star Angela Chalmers, who medalled at both the Olympic Games and the Common-Hockey League player Blair the St. Louis Blues last year Grand and is now with the Nashville Predators; the Canadian Chief Phil Fontaine. cruiserweight boxing chamand the supports she needed gloves went for \$625. and relied upon as she

through all of this she stated, is the need for absolute discipline and dedicated preparation.

"It is better to be ready for an opportunity that doesn't present itself than not be ready for one that does," she said. Atcheynum echoed Chalmers' sentiments when he said believing in himself Saskatoon's Ramada Inn was very important to his success.

> Additional presenters at the conference included the NHL's first Treaty Indian hockey player, Fred Sasakamoose.

The barriers Sasakamoose had to overcome in being first not only had to do with the extreme poverty of his early years, but also with the culture shock and loneliness of leaving his community to play in the NHL.

Sasakamoose told his story to young Aboriginal hopefuls and was honored as a pioneer, as someone who has made it easier for younger generations, when one of his rookie hockey cards was aucwealth Games; National tioned for the princely sum of \$2,200 in a seesaw battle Atcheynum, who was with between Saskatchewan's Chief Perry Bellegarde and National dles world champion boxers

pion, Willard Lewis from Al- in that bidding war, he later ently, he telephoned to invite berta; and Vancouver acquired a pair of auto-Canuck scout, Ron Delorme. graphed boxing gloves that camps down in Florida. Chalmers told of her vi- had been worn by Willard sion, her training regimen Lewis during a win. The the west, from the eastern Fontaine also presented moved from one stage of her several national awards at in the person of Derek Gen- tions also included two Abo- tions will again commit itself career to another. Important the conference banquet, eral who plays with the riginal people from the as a co-sponsor.

TERRY LUSTY Canadian boxing champ Willard Lewis poses with auctioneer Garney Hewitt (centre) and AFN Grand Chief Phil Fontaine (right) who purchased Lewis' gloves for \$625.

than 400 people.

Creating a bit of a stir at the conference was a phone call from Lou Duva who hansuch as Evander Holyfield Although Fontaine lost out and Lennox Lewis. Appar-Lewis to one of his training

National Lacrosse Associa- — Cory Witherill, a Navajo tion.

Albert Doxtator, a wrestler Jones, a pro golf instructor. from Ontario, and Joey Tetarenko from Saskatch- riginal resource people at the ewan, a NHL draft selection of the Florida Panthers.

Harold Burden, General Canadian Jr. World and the

which was attended by more Rochester Nighthawks of the southwestern United States Indy racing car driver from Also in attendance were California, and Delmar One of the few non-Aboconference was Sherry Bassin; who managed the

part of the continent came a professional lacrosse player presentations. The presenta- said the Assembly of First Na-

While Lewis represented American Indigenous ship hockey teams. Games, and volleyball coach

Manager of the first North Memorial Cup champion-

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The Minister responsible for the administration of the Métis Settlements Act invites applications for Albertans interested in serving on the Métis Settlements Appeal Tribunal (MSAT). Established in 1990 by the enactment of the Métis Settlements Act, the MSAT is a quasi-judicial body which, in its decision-making, operates independently from government to resolve disputes on Métis Settlement issues. It is empowered, through meetings and panel hearings, to hear evidence and make decisions on matters in relation to membership, land dealings, surface rights for oil and gas exploration activities, and, any other matter affecting Settlement life if the parties involved agree to let the Tribunal resolve the issue. As a member, you will adjudicate at hearings, draft written Tribunal Orders and deliver oral decisions. You must also be able to find common ground in arbitration, mediation and conciliation processes.

To be eligible you must be a Canadian citizen and be a resident in Alberta. In addition, an awareness of Métis culture, life in northern rural communities, and, provincial legislation relative to the Métis Settlements will assist you in this unique role. Experience in administrative legal proceedings, knowledge of the Cree language, and experience with oil and gas exploration activities are an asset.

Appointments are for four years beginning on November 1, 1998. The remuneration of Tribunal members is currently under review and may be subject to change.

If you are interested in this opportunity, please forward a resume or a statement of related gualifications to:

> **Cliff R. Supernault Alberta Intergovernmental and Aboriginal Affairs** 13th Floor, Commerce Place 10155 - 102 Street Edmonton, Alberta T5J 4G8

Interviews will be held between October 12 and October 23, 1998. For more information, contact Andre L'Hirondelle at (403) 427-9433 or 427-8407.

CLOSING DATE: October 7, 1998



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CFL father and son tackle Native issues

By Rob McKinley Windspeaker Staff Writer

EDMONTON

It takes a lot of muscle, heart, soul and determination to play pro football. Those same qualities are also handy when it comes to being a role model like Jec Roberts.

Roberts, a nine year veteran with the CFL's Edmonton Eskimos, uses just as much energy wrangling monster-sized opponents on the line of scrimmage as he does teaching Native youth about the importance of selfesteem and getting an education.

The defensive lineman has traveled to hundreds of schools and community centres across the province, making presentations to his younger fans.

Sioux blood coursing through his towering frame, said his desire to help people comes from his father, Jay Roberts, who played for the Ottawa Rough Riders in the 1960s as a tight end, and helped his team to back-toback Grey Cups in 1968 and family, working at Edmon-1969. He also helped his im- ton's Stan Daniels Centre pressionable son to see not and talking to thousands of only football as a career, but children. Roberts has done also the importance of his all that and done it with a Indian ancestry. Ied said his dad used to work for the Métis Association of Ontario and would travel to many settlements. Before that, Jed said, he didn't know much about Aboriginal culture or the people, because he was brought up in a predominantly white society. "I had no Native awareness," he said. His dad agreed, saying because his was born in Ottawa, he was basically raised in a city culture. And despite an admittedly loose connection with their Sioux ancestry, Jay said he knew he and his son had a lot to offer to Aboriginal people. "We have something to give and always have felt that we have had something to give," he said. Jay Roberts now works for the Department of Indian Affairs in Ottawa and advises Aboriginal business owners as they go through the process of attaining government contracts. He believes that any Aboriginal person who has something to offer the younger generation should do so. "I've always felt that Aboriginal people in Canada who have made it to some degree of success, have a role to throw the rope back down," he said. hoping that others will take that "rope" and climb to their own successes. Jed, following in his father's footsteps, not only teaches young Native kids to grab that rope, he has taken hold of it himself. "I do this as much for my- Jed's one," said Jay.



COURTESY EDMONTON ESKIMOS

Edmonton Eskimos lineman — Jed Roberts

self as I do for the kids," he said, explaining that the visits allow him to see more of the Aboriginal culture he Roberts, who has some missed when he was growing up. The visits help to fill a void in himself.

"It's good for me to experience. There's a lot of lost time."

Roberts has done a lot with his life, including a nearcompleted education degree, his football career, raising a smile. And he has done it while being deaf. Although he didn't touch on it, his dad said Jed's deafness is just another hurdle his son has overcome which has made him stronger. "It's always been a motivator for him to overcome things," said Jay. Jed just hopes to motivate some young minds to stay in school and respect their Aboriginal culture. "I want to let them know what's important in life and to respect their Elders and stay in school, because that's what my father taught me," said Jed. And despite his successes, Jed also tells them they don't have to run for touchdowns or sack a quarterback to be positive role models. "Sometimes they are surprised to hear that they are already a role model - to their little brothers or sisters," Jed said. Next up for Jed, after his career in football, may be a teaching job. He left school just shy of his Education degree, but is planning to take up where he left off and teach English or History and of course coach the football team. But his career isn't quite over yet. He'd like to put a second Grey Cup ring on his finger before he hangs up his helmet for good. That desire may be another goal spurred by his dad's influences, this time in the form of good-natured ribbing. "I won two, in `68 and `69, which is still one more than

TERRY LUSTY witt (centre) and AFN

estern United States Witherill, a Navajo cing car driver from nia, and Delmar pro golf instructor. of the few non-Aboesource people at the ence was Sherry who managed the an Jr. World and the

ial Cup championckey teams. onference moves on to for 1999 and Fontaine Assembly of First Nall again commit itself sponsor.

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WINDSPEAKER SPORTS

Navajo Indy racer courts casino sponsors

By Leonard Linklater Windspeaker Contributor

Page 28

VANCOUVER

Cory Witherill's got what it takes, said Genoa Indy Lite racing team manager, Ed Nelson.

The 26-year-old man of Navajo ancestry is the United States champion in stadium off-road racing and he has just moved into the Indy Lite series. The Vancouver Indy on the Labor Day long weekend was only his second race on that circuit.

"The fact that he's found a way of winning in that type of racing means he should be able to find a way of winning in this type of racing as well," said Nelson.

From practice, to qualifying, to race day, Witherill has been getting faster each time he's on the track. But there is a lot more to winning in racing than driving faster than anyone else. It also takes a good team, testing and money. Money is what the team feels the most urgency about.

Witherill only has two more Indy races left this season. Team manager Nelson said ideally they would like to start testing right after that to prepare for next season so they can be ready for the full slate of 15 races.

All of that takes money. About \$1-million a year. That means raising money and the Indy Lights racer wants Nativeowned casinos to hop on the bandwagon.

are mired in social problems.

"It's not so much about casinos. It's more about sovereignty and self-reliance," Witherill said.

The 26-year-old man, who was adopted as a baby, said that many U.S. casinos' profits go to help reservations with things like welfare, housing, electricity and education.

California governor Pete Wilson is looking to ban casinos in that state. A California resident, Witherill has become a spokesperson in the fight against that possibility.

"What casinos do is provide job opportunities for Natives," he said. Witherill points out that a sheriff in Riverside County supports them.

"He hasn't seen crime rates go up."

The first to jump on the bandwagon has been the Saskatchewan Indian Gaming Authority which has put up \$25,000 for the last 5 races. He appreciates the help but he knows he has to find more sponsors.

"That's not even enough to cover all the entry fees," said Witherill's publicist, Judy Rosales.

The young racer grew up in a home where the parents had two of their own children before adopting another eight kids from many different ethnic backgrounds including Mexican, Hawaiian and black.

"We were kinda like the Brady

tive communities, many of which more and more about his Aboriginal ancestry, recently. He hasn't learned much about it, having other interests throughout his life so far. But, now that he is maturing, he said he'd like to know more.

> "I do wanna go back," he said. Witherill recently had ten days off between races and was thinking of visiting a Navajo reservation. He didn't make it.

"I don't know what to do, or how to go about it," he said, regardless of the fact that every First Nation that he has encountered through his travels has been welcoming. They tell him he's welcome in their community if he can't find his own community.

"I've always been welcomed with open arms," he said.

Witherill believes his potential involvement with First Nation casinos may create opportunities for kids in those communities to get into racing as well.

"I want to try get a few of them to come work on the race team, learning what to do." he said, "Maybe someday they may want to become a mechanic or drive a big truck, or work in marketing."

It takes a lot of skill and a lot of courage to compete at the high level at which Witherill now finds himself. In Vancouver, he finished 17th out of a field of 22. He finished 13th in his first race. All teams in the Indy Lite class

race with the same spec engine, a Buick V-6 that unleashes 450



LEONARD LINKLATER

Cory Witherill climbs out of his Indy Lite race car after finishing 17th in the Vancouver Indy on the Labor Day weekend.

around the track, since the car has no power steering," Witherill said.

The bigger Indy cars have different engines which produce up to 900 horsepower but the design

down to driver skill, getting a feel for the car and adjusting to the various tracks.

There's also the element of danger. Witherill broke his back in Phoenix last year and was only

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October 1998

Zack v

By Sam Laskaris Windspeaker Contribu

KIMBER

Darren Zack is king once again.

The Garden Riv pitcher led the Tai Smokers to this year' tional Softball Congr title. The 48-team IS ment was staged in Wisc. from Aug. 14 to The Smokers won their matches at the knockout tourney. ended up being the c ship final, Tampa Bay The Farm, a Madis

club, 4-2. Zack, who entered pionship final in the ning with the score d

at 1-1, earned the wir

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Witherill believes that casinos do more good than harm for Na-

Bunch," he said. Witherill has been thinking



horsepower.

"It's like wrestling a bull tially the same. So success comes ago to race again.

of all the Indy Lite cars is essen- released by his doctor six months



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driver skill, getting a feel ar and adjusting to the racks.

's also the element of Nitherill broke his back ix last year and was only

Zack wins another world fastball championship "There's nothing like winning Windspeaker Contributor

KIMBERLY, Wisc.

once again.

October 1998

By Sam Laskaris

The Garden River, Ont. pitcher led the Tampa Bay Smokers to this year's International Softball Congress world title. The 48-team ISC tournament was staged in Kimberly, Wisc. from Aug. 14 to 22.

The Smokers won all six of their matches at the doubleknockout tourney. In what ended up being the championship final, Tampa Bay downed The Farm, a Madison, Wisc. club, 4-2.

Zack, who entered the championship final in the third inning with the score deadlocked at 1-1, earned the win.

the final." Zack said. He should know. He's had

this on-top-of-the-world feeling twice before. The 38-year-old Darren Zack is king of the hill Aboriginal pitcher won his first ISC world crown in 1993 as a member of the Toronto Gators. The '93 event was also held in Kimberly. Zack also led the Gators to the 1995 world title in Sioux City, Iowa.

> Before rebounding to pick up the win in relief against The Farm. Zack did have some anxious moments. He threw a wild pitch the first time he wound up for a delivery. And that error gave the opposition a 2-1 lead as a player from The Farm scored from third base.

After that Zack settled down. "I got in a nice groove and kept going," he said.

The Smokers, who also won



WINDSPEAKER

SPORTS

Darren Zack

the 1996 ISC crown (Zack wasn't with the club then), were one of the pre-tournament favorites. "We had a good team," Zack

FILE PHOTO

said. "There's no reason why we didn't think we could win it."

Zack said the Smokers' cause was undoubtedly helped because it didn't lose a match early on. He recalled the 1995 ISC tournament when the Gators lost a game rather early. That loss relegated the club to the losers' bracket and then the Gators had an uphill battle the rest of the way. Though that Toronto team ended up winning the championship, it had to play a total of 12 exhausting games.

That's twice as many outings as the Smokers required to capture this year's title.

Zack has long been one of the continent's top softball hurlers.

Besides the Gators and Smokers, he's also suited up for several other top-notch senior outfits including teams in Ohio and Massachusetts in the past dozen years.

Some folks are surprised he's still chucking with the best of them. But others aren't.

"I don't think anybody knows how old I am," Zack joked.

The world-class hurler found it a bit difficult to pinpoint which of his three world titles was more significant to him.

"The first one you win is always special," he said. "And the middle one was great. But this one feels pretty good, too."

Zack has shown few signs of slowing down. And retirement is not something he's contemplating yet.

"I don't feel any older," he said. "And I'm doing something I love. This has been my passion since I was growing up."

So is he doing anything differently now that's he much closer to 40 than he is to 30?

"I guess as you get older you get a little bit wiser and your pitch selection gets a bit different," he said.



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October 1998

WINDSPEAKER DIABETES

Prevention needs to play a bigger role

By Marie Burke Windspeaker Staff Writer

EDMONTON

Prevention is a key factor for First Nations in battling diabetes. At a time when First Nations people are five times more at risk than the general population to get the disease, awareness is important. The National Aboriginal Diabetes Association and the different Aboriginal Diabetes Wellness programs in each province believe prevention is the key.

"The comment we frequently hear is, 'I'm too old to be jumping around,'" said Linda Brazeau, manager of the National Aboriginal Diabetes Association. Brazeau has worked with the group Strategies for Undermining Glucose in Aboriginal Races that started in Manitoba in the early 1980s. The group saw a need in the Aboriginal communities for more awareness about diabetes.

The exercise factor in prevention does not need to be difficult. In terms of exercise it can be as simple as walking 30 minutes a day to prevent or improve a diabetic exercise. condition. Brazeau believes



everywhere. They were healthier, stronger. People then consider the family. don't realize that even when you go shopping or take children out for a walk that it's

that a long time ago, Abo- ily is a big thing and if a per- betes outreach worker at the

riginal people used to walk son with diabetes doesn't Aboriginal Wellness Prowant to do it for themselves,

"The main risk factors for getting diabetes is obesity, the type of diet, and activity level of each individual," To Aboriginal people, fam- said Kathleen Cardinal, dia-

gram in Edmonton.

Food plays a very important part in life. Being able to eat the food that could help in preventing diabetes seems simple. Yet diet is an outwhelming concern among health caregivers

who deal with diabetes and prevention. The factors that affect eating habits with First Nations stem from their history. First Nations people were very active people. Their survival depended on it.

However, today, most Aboriginal people do not need to fish, hunt or trap to survive. The metabolism and make up of Aboriginal people has not changed, but their lifestyle has.

The changes that have happened to the traditional lifestyle of Aboriginal people can help them understand why they are more prone to diabetes.

We also need to understand that it is a disease that can be managed and prevented, said Cardinal. When people are under stress with life situations, food can become a source of comfort. Eating improperly and lack of exercise can lead to health complications such as diabe-

tes.

Cardinal also noted that the different stress levels of each individual is a contributing factor in health. If a person is worrisome and fearful, it greatly affects their ability to cope with a disease like diabetes.

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for diabetes Pregnant women more at risk for

By Marie Burke Windspeaker Staff Writer

EDMONTON

The changes that happen and 50 per cent of women do in a woman's body during pregnancy don't happen at any other time in her life. tween 26 and 28 weeks, the Pregnancy puts women more at risk of developing diabetes.

Risk factors, such as, obesity, having a history of dia-

make a pregnant woman more susceptible to the disease. With gestational diabetes, the extra risk is unseen not have any risk factors.

betes or having large babies,

During pregnancy, beplacenta takes over hormone

during pregnancy. The body needs to produce more insulin to fight the anti-insulin hormone and sometimes the pancreas is unable to produce more.

come to be tested during pregnancy, " said Rhonda production and its levels in Stevens-Knapik, nurse at the the body. At that time, the diabetes outpatient clinic at placenta gives off a certain Edmonton's Royal Alexantype of hormone that is anti- der Hospital. It becomes of a baby with immature betes later.

insulin and is only present critical for the baby's inter- systems. nal development.

> agnosed, it can lead to complications for the baby. With gestational diabetes, the ceptable range. baby grows much larger its internal organs are still under developed. Even

If a woman is diagnosed When diabetes goes undi- with gestational diabetes, in-

sulin may be needed to keep glucose levels within an ac-

Knapik said a baby born to "It is critical for fetal out- than it usually would, but a woman with diabetes won't be born with the disease. Having diabetes during though a baby will have pregnancy increases the grown full term the result chances for the mother and could be a premature birth the baby of developing dia-

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Page 31

Real life crime revealed in book

artist Gary Natomagan, has a dark, painful secret in her life. It's a life that's been filled with guilt, shame and horrible nightmares since she was seven years old. Small for her age, she had not been able to protect herself and her younger sisters from the sexual advances of their Uncle John, an alcoholic who had been physically and sexually abused at residential school. When Brenda finally does find the courage to tell her family about her uncle's activities, no one will believe her except her grandmother. It is only within the warm sanctuary of her grandmother's cabin that she finally finds someone who believes her, and let's her know that the abuse is not her fault. It is also her grandmother who helps her to find the right path, talk to the authorities and join in a healing circle with a wise Elder and member from three generations of her family. A Time to Heal is the story of Brenda's journey to reclaim herself, her own happiness and sense of self worth by finding the courage to say "no." It's also about how Brenda comes to understand that she has a right to be angry and has an important responsibility to release that anger in a positive manner. Cultural, emotional and legal issues are solidly addressed in this book. Meeds, a mother of two who has worked as an environmental health officer and health educator for the last 14 years, has also included a helpful teachers guide and information package at the end of the book. This makes A Time To Heal an even more valuable addition to the arsenal in the ongoing battle to help protect children and stop sexual abuse.

woman is diagnosed estational diabetes, innay be needed to keep e levels within an acle range.

oik said a baby born to nan with diabetes be born with the dislaving diabetes during ancy increases the s for the mother and by of developing diaater.





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By Pamela Green Windspeaker Contributor

A Time To Heal By Darlene Meeds Saskatoon SAFE Communities Inc. \$12 (sc)

Sexual abuse is not racial or culturally specific. It's a crime that has been committed by people in all cultures throughout every generation. It has lasting effects on both the victims of the abuse and their families and causes physical and emotional wounds that can scar for life.

Entering the sexual abuse territory is like walking through a war zone or a minefield. There are no winners, only survivors. Sexual abuse is a real life crime that won't go away unless it is faced, dealt with, and stopped dead in it's tracks, because running away won't solve the problem and healing takes a long, long time.

"Sexual abuse must be stopped, and that's something that will only happen if we all work together to help the victims, the abusers and the families to rid our cultures of sexual abuse," said author Darlene Meeds.

In her latest book, A Time To Heal, Meeds is to be commended for having the courage to tackle this subject head on, with no holds barred.

She tells the story of Brenda, a 12-year-old girl from a First Nations family who has to find the courage to stop the cycle of sexual abuse within her own family, and how the family weathers the difficult storm that follows.

Brenda, a young Cree girl, illustrated in the book by Native



WINDSPEAKER **BUSINESS**

Reserve reaps benefits from Big Bear film

By Pamela Green Windspeaker Contributor

Page 32

PASQUA NATION, Sask.

Film-making is the stuff that dreams are made of for most Native kids these days, unless living on the Pasqua Reserve in Saskatchewan.

And for community members and some of the lucky kids chosen to play extras in a major television film production of Big Bear, life will never be quite the same. They've spent months on a huge movie toration of historic buildings. set, dressed up in period costume, working in front of cameras with some of the most famous Aboriginal stars in the industry today.

But dreams do turn into re- wrangling," said Pasqua. ality and you end up with a whole new 'take' on the film industry when a big production lands on your doorstep.

"The whole reserve has been affected by the experience", said Neil Pasqua, the on-site the film Big Bear.

"The Big Bear production the map", he added.

Things got very exciting when actors Gordon Tootoosis and Tantoo Cardinal were on deck along with a big cast,

the-art direction by Canada's own Gil Cardinal.

And even more so when a the scenes. band of hot headed renegade warriors galloped through the set on horseback.

But there's much more than of course, you happen to be romance and history involved when a big production does come to the rez, explained Pasqua.

There is an increase in jobs and revenue from land rentals, visible improvements are made like new roads, upgraded facilities and the res-

"The economic impact of Big Bear has been significant with more than 50 people employed in different capacities from set building to horse

"The community is very comfortable with what's been going on. They know the major players and there's been a high level of respect and positive response."

"Pasqua is very tight knit community co-ordinator for community and you can't do anything on a reserve without everybody knowing about it, has definitely put Pasqua on so as far as security goes, we've had no worries," Pasqua said.

With 800 band members on reserve and about 800 more living off, interest has been

technical crew and state-of- high and the whole community has been extremely keen to see what's going on behind

> Pasqua said the area's rustic natural setting works well for a 19th century period piece like Big Bear.

> He indicated that the film production has had a considerable impact on the career aspirations of up and coming young actors in the community, surrounding area and province.

Participants have been given not only a lot of valuable hands-on experience, but also the necessary accreditation and self-confidence to look for employment in other productions.

Chief Todd Peigen and the band council are also discussing ways to develop a permanent Location File to register with SASK FILM, and be able to offer the reserve to other companies for future productions.

Saskatchewan has a big advantage in the film industry because of recently passed legislation, the 35 per cent tax credit offered by the province to perspective employers, a powerful incentive to film producers to leapfrog over Alberta (which recently rejected the same

Residents from Pasqua First Nation in Saskatchewan saw

some benefits during the filming of Big Bear.

Saskatchewan location.

"The work has been fun and invigorating for the community, with more than a thou-

legislation) and go with a sand 'extra work days' under our belts, and things look good here at Pasqua for future possibilities in the film industry", said Neil.

PAMELA GREEN

October 1998

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LEADERSHIP AND AND MANAGERS Monday, Octob Faculty Leader:

GEOGRAPHIC IN FOR ABORIGINA INTRODUCTORY PR Faculty Leader:

GEOGRAPHIC IN FOR ABORIGINA ADVANCED PROGR

October 1998



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PAMELA GREEN in Saskatchewan saw Bear.

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WINDSPEAKER **BUSINESS**

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"I would like to personally invite you and other interested people within your organization and/or community to join us for leadership and professional development!"



Robert Breaker Director, Aboriginal Leadership and Self-Government

60 **The Banff Centre** for Management 2

LEADERSHIP AND MANAGEMENT DEVELOPMENT FOR SENIOR EXECUTIVES AND MANAGERS IN ABORIGINAL GOVERNMENTS Monday, October 26 - Friday, October 30, 1998 Faculty Leader: Cameron Brown

GEOGRAPHIC INFORMATION SYSTEMS (GIS) FOR ABORIGINAL LANDS MANAGEMENT

INTRODUCTORY PROGRAM: Monday, October 26 - Tuesday, October 27, 1998 Faculty Leader: Jhon Goes In Centre

GEOGRAPHIC INFORMATION SYSTEMS (GIS)

FOR ABORIGINAL LANDS MANAGEMENT

ADVANCED PROGRAM: Wednesday, October 28 - Friday, October 30, 1998

National Aboriginal television network on the borizon

By Marie Burke Windspeaker Staff Writer

IQALUIT, N.W.T.

The dawn of a new age in Aboriginal storytelling is on the horizon. A national forum for Aboriginal people to tell their own stories is almost within reach. Last June, an application to the Canadian Radio-television and Telecommunications Commission for a national Aboriginal television service was made. On Nov. 12, Television Northern Canada will be presenting arguments to the CRTC to establish the Aboriginal Peoples Television Network.

"It's been overwhelming how much support we received for a national Aboriginal network," said Abraham Tagalik, chairman of TVNC. Government and Aboriginal agencies from across Canada have given support to the application. Tagalik said they have made it a point to contact every Aboriginal organization in the country with news about this network.

TVNC's goal is to fill a void that's been left in the current spectrum of television pro- communications societies and gramming. With 90 per cent of the network's programming coming from across Canada, and the rest from producers abroad, there will be great diversity. Tagalik said TVNC is considering Winnipeg as a southern base and satellite uplink centre. The southern base could see 40 people employed to run operations. The APTN will not just be a specialty channel or service. The APTN will be a competitive broadcasting service. The belief that the application will be hard to turn down is everywhere. Indeed it may be hard to find any Aboriginal person who would oppose APTN's birth. There are 150 independent Aboriginal producers from across Canada waiting in the wings, ready to take flight with the network. The APTN will offer the full range of programming that other networks do, including sports, public affairs, biographies, theatre, drama, educational and cultural shows as well as a national daily news service and programs for children. Most of the programs

will be from independent Aboriginal producers.

"We have never been given a priority to develop our own work," said Brenda Chambers, senior producer of All My Relations, which has been a recent successful pilot series for CBC. Chambers said the CRTC can't deny TVNC's application for a much needed Aboriginal production network.

The interest she has seen just in the west is tremendous. The Vancouver producer has been a point of contact for TVNC. Chambers has been providing a liaison service with western Aboriginal producers for APTN's possible upcoming production line-up.

Chambers sees the growing pains of starting up a network of this scope as a challenge, but the positive response coming from producers and TVNC makes that challenge sound like a labor of love. "I've got many show ideas that I have already been submitting," said Chambers.

Since 1991, TVNC has been licensed to operate an Aboriginal television network in the north. Its programming has come from eight northern some independent Aboriginal producers. TVNC is, and has been, totally government funded for its operations in the north. In its application to the CRTC, mandatory carriage status is being requested for APTN. This means all cable companies and some direct to home satellite distributors will have to carry APTN as a basic service. With advertising and service fees to subscribers, their revenue to operate is sound. TVNC is going for an all or nothing bid with their application. Their northern license will expire around the same time as the presentation for APTN. There's a feeling that only extraordinary circumstances could stall the approval of TVNC's national distribution of the largest storytelling circle we might see in our lifetime. TVNC is asking for letters of support in this initiative. Letters of support must be received at the CRTC and copied to TVNC before Oct. 19. The contact at TVNC is Jennifer David, communications co-ordinator at 1-888-278-8862.

Page 33

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Faculty Leader: Jhon Goes In Centre

EFFECTIVE FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT, CONTROL AND ACCOUNTABILITY IN ABORIGINAL GOVERNANCE Monday, November 2 - Friday, November 6, 1998 Faculty Leader: Crystal Many Fingers

EFFECTIVE FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT CONTROL AND ACCOUNTABILITY FOR ELECTED ABORIGINAL LEADERS Tuesday, November 3 - Friday, November 6, 1998 Faculty Leader: Ron Jamieson

NEW PROGRAM:

MEDIA RELATIONS TRAINING FOR ABORIGINAL LEADERS AND SENIOR EXECUTIVES Friday, November 6 - Monday, November 9, 1998 Faculty Leader: Clayton Blood

For more information regarding any of our programs, registration, or general inquiries, please contact:

Ryan Capel, Aboriginal Leadership and Self-Government Program Specialist Toll-Free: 1-888-255-6327

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WINDSPEAKER

CAREERS

All in a day's work

By Paul Sinkewicz Windspeaker Contributor

WINNIPEG

Dedication and hard work have paid off for members of the all-volunteer fire department in Black Lake, Sask.

The squad won the prestigious National Aboriginal Fire Fighting Competition - something no other team from Western Canada has accomplished.

Richard Kent, fire prevention officer for the Prince Albert Grand Council, credits the pride and dedication of the Black Lake firefighters for the win.

two years of rigorous training and improvements.

"When I went up there for the first time they had no fire hall and their truck was sitting outside under six feet of snow," he said. "I'm very proud of them. Our Black Lake guys have shown that they know what to do. They're the best in Canada."

The national award was won firefighting." in Winnipeg on Aug. 29 after two days of competition. It comes after Black Lake won the Saskatchewan competition a few weeks earlier - no minor feat in itself and earned the right to make the trip to the nationals.

Kent is responsible for training fire crews in 23 communities around Prince Albert and in the north.

proved the commitment is working.

'I did some training up there, and obviously it worked," Kent said of the Black Lake crew. "We did a lot of training in the past two years and it really shows that they continued training after I was gone."

Indeed, Kent said the team trained in a local school yard so regularly local children would race out to watch them when the alarm went off, and many would be waiting there when the crew arrived.

The national competition was judged by veteran Winnipeg fire fighters, who put teams from But it didn't come until after throughout Canada through their paces in realistic fire scenarios.

> The teams didn't find out until the day before their turn to compete what kind of fire situation they would face.

"So they really have to know their equipment inside and out," Kent said. "They have to know all there is to know about

Kent said the other teams from Western Canada were very enthusiastic about Black Lake's win.

"This is the first time that, not only Saskatchewan has won the trophy, but that the trophy's been in the western side of Canada," he said.

"The other western teams were slapping their backs and congratulating them and thanking them."

EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITY

ABORIGINAL BUSINESS INNOVATION OFFICER

The Canadian Aboriginal Science and Engineering Association is seeking a highly motivated professional for the following position, on a full-time or part-time basis:

Business Innovation Officer: Reporting to the President of CASEA, you will be responsible for providing information and delivering services to Aboriginal entrepreneurs to stimulate innovation and technology adoption in the Aboriginal business community. You will liaise with Aboriginal entrepreneurs and technology and management experts, and administer specialized funding, information services and management advice.

You should have a university degree in science, engineering or a business related discipline, combined with previous experience working in or with small firms. You have an excellent understanding of business and commerce issues as they relate to Aboriginal entrepreneurship, and you have a sound knowledge of the current and future direction of the innovative economy. You are results-oriented, effective at problem solving, and possess strong communication and interpersonal skills. An MBA is desirable and bilingualism is an asset.

This position requires considerable travel within Canada, and salary will be commensurate with experience.

Kindly forward your resume before October 30th, 1998 to:

The Canadian Aboriginal Science and Engineering Association **National Office 16 German Mills Road** Thornhill, Ontario L3T 4H5

FAX: 613-957-7010

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October 1998

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The 11-year veteran of the Prince Albert fire department began working with the Grand Council two years ago and immediately set about to train the firefighters in each community.

Kent began by giving each squad a crash course in firefighting techniques. Things like how to operate a pumper truck and how to perform an elementary rescue.

finer points of the 19-modules training program. Once a firefighter has that completed, he or she earns a Level 1 rating.

The training program has meant lots of travel and there is no road to the community of 1,500 people, so everything must be flown in. A trip to Black Lake costs approximately \$1,400 every time Kent goes for some training, and if he brings in a guest instructor the cost increases.

But it's all been worth it he said, now that the firefighters have

The team from Black Lake accepted their honor at a closing banquet at the national competition without even any uniforms, Kent said. "But to my way of thinking, it's not how you look, it's how much heart you have."

Despite that, the community of Black Lake is planning to honor their squad with a banquet of its He then backtracked to the own - and brand new uniforms will be presented to the members then, Kent said, along with shoulder patches that he's had made.

The example the fire department has set is already starting to set in with the local children, according to Kent.

"The last time I was up there I had kids coming up to me and asking if they could join the fire department," he said. "Before it was kind of a struggle to find people to join the fire department. Now they're going to have to pick and choose."

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La Ronge, Saskatchewan

October 1998

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CAREERS

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Prior to submitting an application, you must contact 250.952.6740 for a complete list of duties to employment and qualifications. Please forward a résumé, quoting file CF98:687, to: Ministry for Children and Families, 737 Courtney St., 4th Floor, PO Box 9703, STN PROV GOVT, Victoria, BC V8W 9S1; fax 250.387.6099. Closing date: ongoing.

www.mcf.gov.ba.ca/Recruitment/

BOARD OF DIRECTOR POSITION

peetogosan (Métis) Development Inc. (AMDI), an affiliate of the Métis Nation of Alberta Association, is a Federally funded Aboriginal Capital Corporation delivering a range of Financial and Advisory Services to Alberta resident Métis and Non-Status Indians through its offices in Edmonton. AMDI is currently inviting applications for a Board of Director position. Principally, the Board of Directors provides the kind of high quality direction to the total affairs of the business that will ensure the development and growth of the company in products, services markets, and financial results. Accordingly, this is a volunteer position of considerable responsibility and substance.

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- 4) Willingness to sign oath of confidentiality and undergo external checks as may be appropriate.

Interested parties should submit their resume, together with a brief note clarifying their interest to:



Chairman **Board of Directors** c/o Apeetogosan (Métis) Development Inc. 12527 - 129 Street Edmonton, AB T5L 1H7 Fax: (403) 454-5997 **PERSONAL & CONFIDENTIAL**

CLOSING DATE: OCTOBER 19, 1998

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The mandate of this national non-profit foundation focuses on designing, overseeing and managing healing strategies to assist Aboriginal people and communities affected by the legacy of physical/sexual abuse in the residential school system.

THE OPPORTUNITY

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- Ensuring effective expenditure, commitment and budgeting control and the efficient reporting of the same

THE QUALIFICATIONS

You will have a post-secondary education complemented by an accounting designation and a minimum of three years of successful experience as a senior financial officer in a public or non-profit environment. Most importantly, you will demonstrate a strong commitment to the missions, values and philosophy of the foundation. Currently, you are seeking an executive career opportunity which demands well-developed financial skills and offers ambitious goals and objectives.

In meeting with the objectives and philosophies of the organization, preference will be given to individuals of Aboriginal descent with strong verbal/written communication skills in English.

If you are interested in this career opportunity or other financial positions in the foundation, please forward your résumé in confidence to: Brenda Higgins, Consultant, THE BENTLEY CONSULTING GROUP, Suite 201 - 55 Donald Street, Winnipeg, MB R3C 1L8, Telephone: (204) 987-4843, Fax: (204) 987-4846, email: bentley@mts.net.

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EFFECTIVE STRATEGIES

Sheraton Winnipeg, Winnipeg, Manitoba Oct. 21 & 23, 1998 A Forum: Oct. 19 & 20, 1998

CURRENT ISSUES IN NATIVE EDUCATION: COMMUNITY SCHOOLS/COMMUNITY EDUCATION

A FORUM: TOPICS (MONDAY & TUESDAY ONLY)

- 1. First Nations Parents are Responsible to Control Education More Than Ever Alex McComber Kahnawake Combined Schools Committee
- 2. Land-Based Education and the Band-Operated School of the 21st Century Dr. Pier De Paola Director of Education O'Chiese First Nation
- 3. Computers and High Technology in First Nation Schools Mr. Ben Kawaguchi Breaker Bradshaw and Associates
- 4. Relationship of Aboriginal Languages and Education Ms. Julia Johnston Consultant J and R Consultants Inc.
- 5. Reasons Why Indian Governments Encounter Financial Difficulties Dr. Randy Johnston Director of Education Peter Ballantyne Cree Nation
- 6. The Community School Model: Are Our Schools Community Schools Sharilyn Calliou, Ph.D. Ts"kel Programme U.B.C.

- 7. Urban Aboriginal Education Issues Mr. Kevin Pilon Joe Duquette High School Saskatoon
- 8. The Role of Politics in Aboriginal Education Ms. Marion Meadmore Arrowfax Canada Winnipeg
- 9. What do We Have to Do as Leaders to Kickstart/Recharge Our Educational System? Ms. Kathy Whitecloud Assembly of First Nations Ottawa
- 10. Students' Views on Issues in Native EducationHigh School StudentsJoe Duquette High SchoolSaskatoon
- 11. Integrating Traditional Cultures/Teachings into the Contemporary Curriculum Mr. Joe Mercredi Adult Ed. Instructor Nelson House Education Authority
- 12. First Nations Schools and Special Education ServicesRon Phillips, Ph.D.ConsultantR.S. Phillips & Associates

NOTE:

TWO-DAY WORKSHOPS (WEDNESDAY & THURSDAY)

- A. Current Issues in Indian Education Ms. Julia Johnston J and R Consultants Inc. Mr. Randy Johnston Director of Education Peter Ballantyne Cree Nation
- B. Looking at Traditional Culture in Developing Modern School Boards Mr. Ben Kawaguchi Breaker Bradshaw and Associates
- C. Board Training Workshop Ms. Rheena Diabo Kahnawake

ONE-DAY WORKSHOPS (WEDNESDAY ONLY)

- D. Stress Management in the 1990's Ms. Donna Marion Horizon Line
- E. Removing the Cloak of Shame Mr. Ron Thorne-Finch Counsellor
- F. Dealing With Suicide Ms. Nadia Ferrara Art-Therapist Consultant
- G. Recruitment and Retention of Effective Teachers

- enrolment.
 2. Faxed registrations will be accepted. However, due to problems in the past with no shows, payment must be received by the deadline (Tuesday, Oct. 13, 1998)
 3. Key-Note Speaker: Friday, Oct. 23, 1998 8:45 9:15 am
 - Mr. Joe Mercredi, Adult Education Instructor, Nelson House Education Authority Topic: "Integrating Traditional Culture/Teachings Into The Contemporary Curriculum"

1. Workshop spaces are limited. Participants are encouraged to register early for their sessions.

you will be placed in your second choice. Workshops may be cancelled due to low

Spaces are allocated on a first come, first served basis. If your first choice is full or cancelled,

- H. Specially Designed Academic Instruction in English Mike Croghan, Ph.D. San Marcos
- I. Band-Operated Schools and the Law Dr. Pier de Paola O'Chiese Director of Education
- J. The Kahnawake Education System Mr. Alex McComber Kahnawake Schools Committee

Ms. Jeanette Villeneuve Consultant

WORKSHOPS (THURSDAY/FRIDAY)

- 1. Helping Students Get Jobs: Employability Skills Portfolios (ESP) Ms. Donna Marion Horizon Line
- 2. Eight Learning Styles & Ways They Help Students & Teachers Successful/Positive About Learning Dr. Pier De Paola O'Chiese Director of Education
- 3. Job Readiness: Practical Strategies/Techniques Ms. Shelley Saje United Native Nations
- 4. "Bring Them Back From the Brink: Helping Teens Avoid Loneliness & Suicide" Mr. Francis Strawberry Breaker & Bradshaw
- 5. Creating Optimal Learning Environments for All Children Todd Fletcher, Ph.D. U. of Arizona
- 6. Multi-Media strategy for a Community Oriented Band-Operated School Danny Bradshaw & Rod Kennedy O'Chiese School Administrator & Multi-Media Teacher
- 7. Bringing Aboriginal Traditions/Culture into the Classroom Mr. Calvin Pompana Elder
- 8. Gang Workshop Mr. Troy Rupert Winnipeg Native Alliance
- 9. Adapting Teaching to the Learning Styles of Native Students Art More, Ph.D. U.B.C.
- 10. Building Respect and Helping Students Spiritually, Emotionally, Physically & Mentally

 Mr. Kevin Pilon
 Principal, Joe Duquette High School, Saskatoon
- 11. Creative Relaxation Ms. Nadia Ferrara Art-Therapist, Consultant
- 12. Creating a Collegial Environment in First Nations Schools Ms. Jeanette Villeneuve

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 CHARTER HOUSE \$65 (Single/Double) \$75 (Top Floor Executive) Phone (204) 942-0101 1-800-782-0175 Workshops #1-17 are one-day (5-6 hrs.) repeated on Friday

- 13. Teach Your Pre-Schoolers to Read: Give Them a Gift of a Lifetime Ms. Yvonne DePaola Early Childhood Teacher, Dakota Sioux
- 14. Funds of Knowledge: Community Wisdom and Schooling Mike Croghan, Ph.D.
- 15. Anger & Rage: How Violence Has Shaped Our Lives in Our Homes & Communities Mr. Frank Whitehead Aboriginal A.C.H.I.E.V.E. Systems

16. Trail to Freedom Ms. Audrey Breaker Principal

- 17. Blueprint for Change: The Experiences of the Kahnawake Education System Alex McComber, M.Ed. & Kahnawake Combined Schools Committee Members
- 18. Sexual Abuse: Recovery and Healing After the Trauma (#18 THURS. ONLY) Mr. Ron Throne-Finch Counsellor
- 19. Is There Community in First Nation Community Schools? (#19 23 FRI. ONLY) Mr. Ben Kawaguchi
- 20. Suicide Prevention & Intervention: Working With Individuals, Survivors, & Communities Mr. Ron Throne-Finch Counsellor
- 21. Bi-lingual and Bi-Cultural, Language and Culture Program Development Ms. Julia Johnston, Mr. Randy Johnston J and R Consultants Inc.
- 22. Planning Workshop Ms. Rheena Diabo Kahnawake
- 23. Exploring the Medicine Wheel: A Multidisciplinary Approach (Seven Views of the Medicine Wheel) Mr. Joe Mercredi Adult Ed. Instructor, Nelson House Education Authority

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11101111137			Workshop Selection & Registration Fees:	- U	O n-site	1st	2nd	3rd
- 10.		이 것에 안 지난 것은 것 같아요. 가는 것 같아?	2. Two-Day (Wed. & Thurs.) Workshops (A - C)	\$200.00	\$300.00	<u> </u>		Sec.3
Iown/Ci	ty/Prov.:	Postal Code:	3. Wednesday Only (D - J)	\$100.00	\$150.00			
			4. Two-Days (Thurs. & Fri.) Workshops (#1 - #23)	\$150.00	\$250.00			
Phone: ()	Fax: ()	5 One Day Only (Circle day Thurs. or Fri.) TOTAL ENCLOSED: \$	\$100.00	\$150.00			
	* (PRE-REGI	STER BY OCTOBER 13, 1998)	All pre-registrants will be notified by mai	l, phone or	fax.			
E. S.			ER 13,1998. Pre-registrations post-marked after Octob			accept	ed.	
1	On-site registration will be av	vailable on a space available basis beg	ginning at 7:00 am each day in the conference registrat on costs will be honoured only if post-marked no	on area of the	Sherato	n Winnip	beg.	
	To pre-register, m	nail this completed form al	ong with your cheque, money/purchas	e order, pa	ayable	e to:		
	R.J. Philips	a Associates, 51	7 Bower Blvd., Winnipeg,	MB R	SP (UL7		
2 Norman State		Phone: (204) 896.	3449 Fax: (204) 880.30	n7				

